

Groupe de travail sur l'assimilation de données dans le Golfe de Gascogne et mers côtières

(WG on data assimilation in the BoB and coastal seas)

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Sorry for
French ↔ English
acrobatics...

Conseil Scientifique du Groupe Mission MERCATOR-CORIOLIS, Toulouse, 19-20 mai 2011
Réunion annuelle EPIGRAM, Ile de Ré, 30 mai – 1er juin 2011

Le groupe de travail / The WG

- Sujet: Assimilation de données dans les mers côtières et de plateau, avec un focus particulier sur le Golfe de Gascogne
 - Aspects scientifiques
 - Aspects stratégiques
- Action conjointe GMMC/EPIGRAM, 2010-2012
 - Soutien GMMC (missions: 10k€/2 ans)
 - Soutien complémentaire EPIGRAM
- Réunions du GdT ouvertes à toute personne intéressée, travaillant sur tout système d'assimilation dans le GdG ou d'autres régions côtières

Outils et configurations / Tools and configurations

Groups	Configurations	Assimilation
LEGOS / NOVELTIS (De Mey, Ayoub, Lamouroux, Lyard)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">SYMPHONIE 3km BoB + Celtic Sea, Obc PSY2v3 + FES (LEFE/ASSIM config.)Several TUGO2D configs	<ul style="list-style-type: none">AEnKF (BELUGA)SpEnOIARMData: ALT, SST, (tg, radars)
SHOM (Baraille, Hoang, Morel)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">HYCOM 1.8km BoB, Obc MERCATOR + tides	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Reduced-order scheme based on AF and Schur vectorsData: ALT, SST
PREVIMER / ACTIMAR (Dumas, Cranéguy, Heyraud, Reynaud, Charria)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">« MANGA »: MARS3D 4km GdG + Celtic Sea + Channel, Obc MERCATOR + tides	<ul style="list-style-type: none">EnKF (NERSC)ARM (coll. NOVELTIS+LEGOS)Data: SST, ++
LEGI (Brasseur, Brankart)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">HYCOM, several configs. 1/3°-1/15° incl. BoB	<ul style="list-style-type: none">SEEK, Ensemble methods, Truncated Gaussian filterData: profiles, ++
MERCATOR Océan / CLS / LEGOS (Testut, Benkiran, Quattrochi, Léger)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">NEATL12 v2, Obc GLORYS1V1 + FES2004BISCAY36, Obc PSY2v3 + FES2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none">SAM-2 (anomaly-based SEEK)Stoch.Mod. (→ AEnKF)Data: ALT, SST, profils

Assimilation de données dans l'océan côtier / DA in the coastal ocean

- Problème d'AD spécifique / A specific DA problem
 - HR, HF, marées, couplages, OBC, guide d'ondes, non-homogénéité statistique etc.
- Communauté nettement plus réduite que celle des modélisateurs côtiers / A relatively small-size community
- Intérêt stratégique de l'AD pas encore totalement clair, notamment vis-à-vis des autres forçages / Strategic interest of DA still unclear relatively to other forcings
 - Autres forçages: Côtiers latérales, fleuves, atmosphère (plateaux)
 - Autres développements de R&D: Evolutions numériques, résolution, forçages, bathymétrie, etc.
 - Intérêt prédictif
 - Cadre théorique de l'assim permettant de faire autre chose qu'assimiler
 - Sensibilité
 - Performance de réseaux d'obs

Le GdT: 3 objectifs principaux / WG objectives

- Encourager les échanges au sein du GdT (ou externes) / Encourage *exchanges*
- Dégager des axes d'étude prioritaires sur l'AD dans l'océan côtier, notamment à destination des A/O / *Prioritise research*
 - Spécificité: études régionales sur GdG et R&D (→ LEFE/ASSIM, GMMC)
 - Angle de vue par processus (→ EPIGRAM)
 - Intérêt stratégique de l'AD vs. autres efforts (→ GMMC, ops)
- Préparer un projet permettant à une communauté encore embryonnaire de trouver ses marques et de progresser / *Prepare a project*

Agenda

- Réunion 1, 21 septembre 2010, Toulouse
 - Prise de connaissance des études en cours dans les différentes équipes
 - Identification de préoccupations communes et de questions à élucider
 - Homework → réunion 2
-
- Réunion 2, 22-23 septembre 2011, station Ifremer de l'Houmeau
 - Représentation multivariée des s/e d'erreur, processus d'erreur importants
 - Discussion sur les orientations et sujets d'étude prioritaires
 - Discussion sur les contours d'un projet + dimensionnement en CDDs
- Réunion 3, 1^{er} semestre 2012 (date à affiner en fonction des A/O)
 - Avancement scientifique
 - Préparation de la suite.

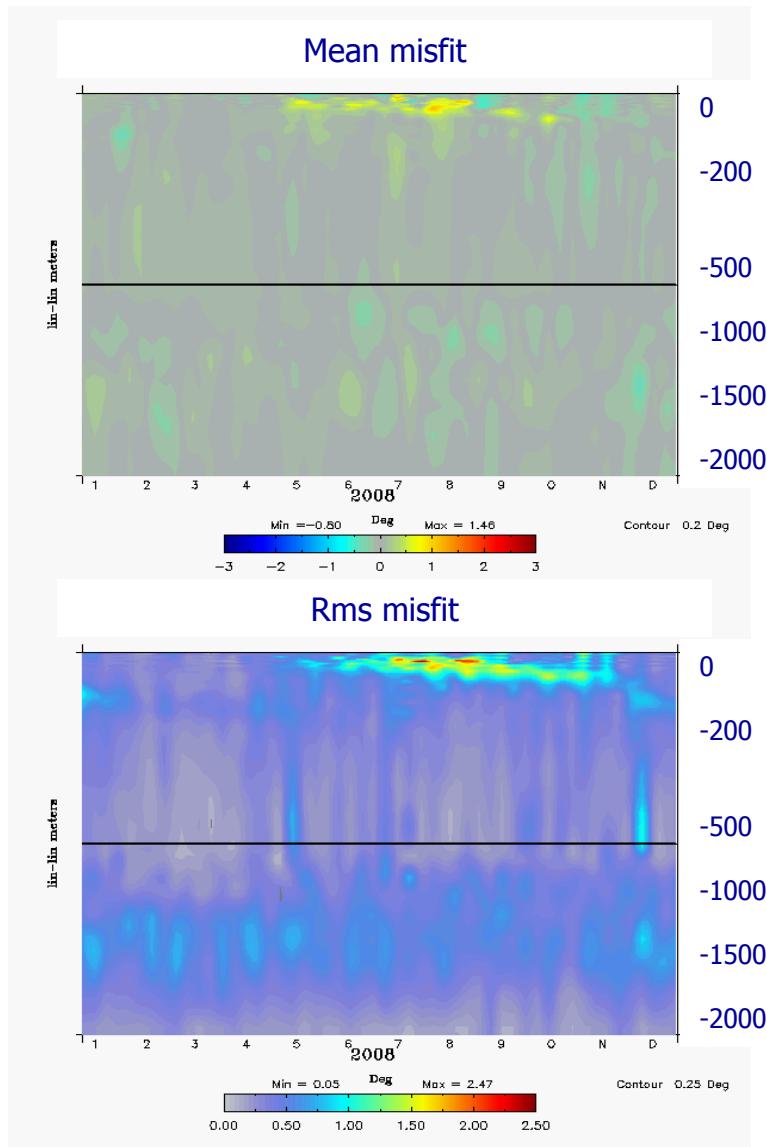
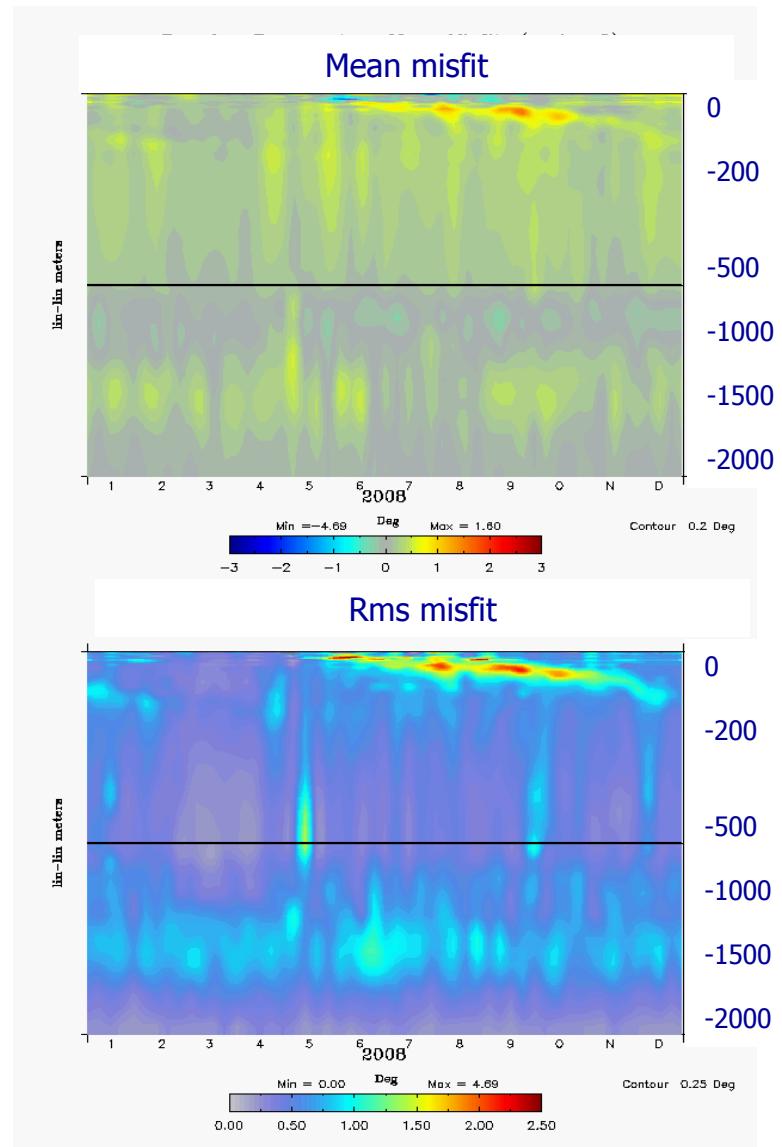
Quelques préoccupations communes / A few common issues (cf. CR Réunion 1, sept. 2010 / identified at 1st meeting)

- Identification des processus d'erreur dominants / Dominant error processes
 - P.ex. forçages atm. HF: impact des forçages, processus couplés (ex: upwelling)
 - P.ex. erreurs de représentativité (SWH, dérive de Stokes, biais dans ROFI...)
 - Saisonnalité des erreurs... Estimation de paramètres... Etc.
- Méthodologie
 - Assimilation en présence de marée et de dynamique HF sur le plateau, detiding
 - Coût des méthodes d'ensemble
 - Utilisation des obs. « côtières »: marégraphes, radars HF, mouillages insulaires, RECOPESCA
 - Performances et degré de sophistication des schémas en milieu ouvert/rapide/non gaussien/biaisé
 - Comparaison des codes, p.ex. NERSC EnKF vs. BELUGA AEnKF
 - Comparaison des modes opératoires: fréquence d'assimilation, assimilation d'altimétrie ou pas, correction ou pas des vitesses, nbre de membres, etc.
- Besoins des opérationnels / Specific needs of CO forecasting
 - Types de variables à prédire (surtout superficielles), prévision de maxima

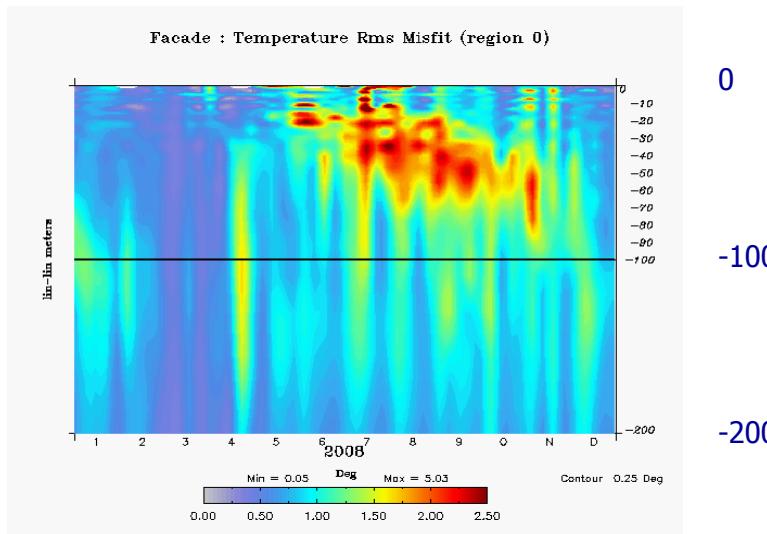
A few illustrative examples...

- Regional scale DA
- Tidal estimation
- Parameter estimation
- Representers (influence fcns. of observations)
- Array design
- Ensemble consistency analysis (validation of 2nd-order moments)

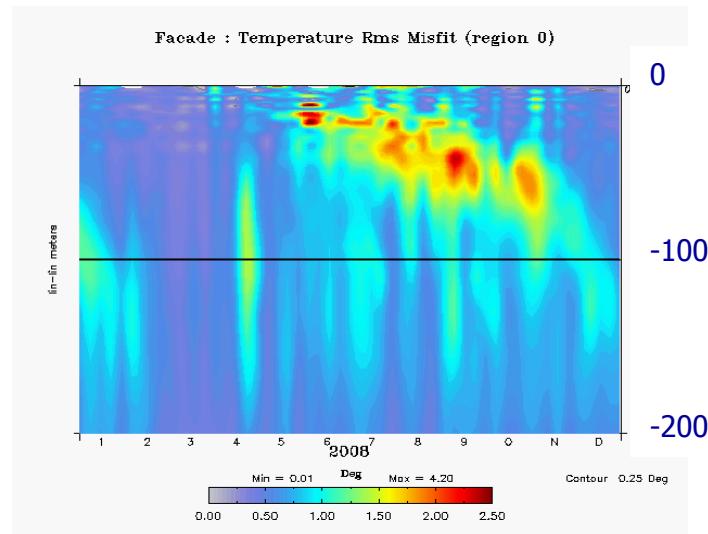
NEATL12/SAM-2 -- Perf Diags on T Impact of assimilation



NEATL12/SAM-2 – Perf Diags on T Impact of forcing frequency (3h)

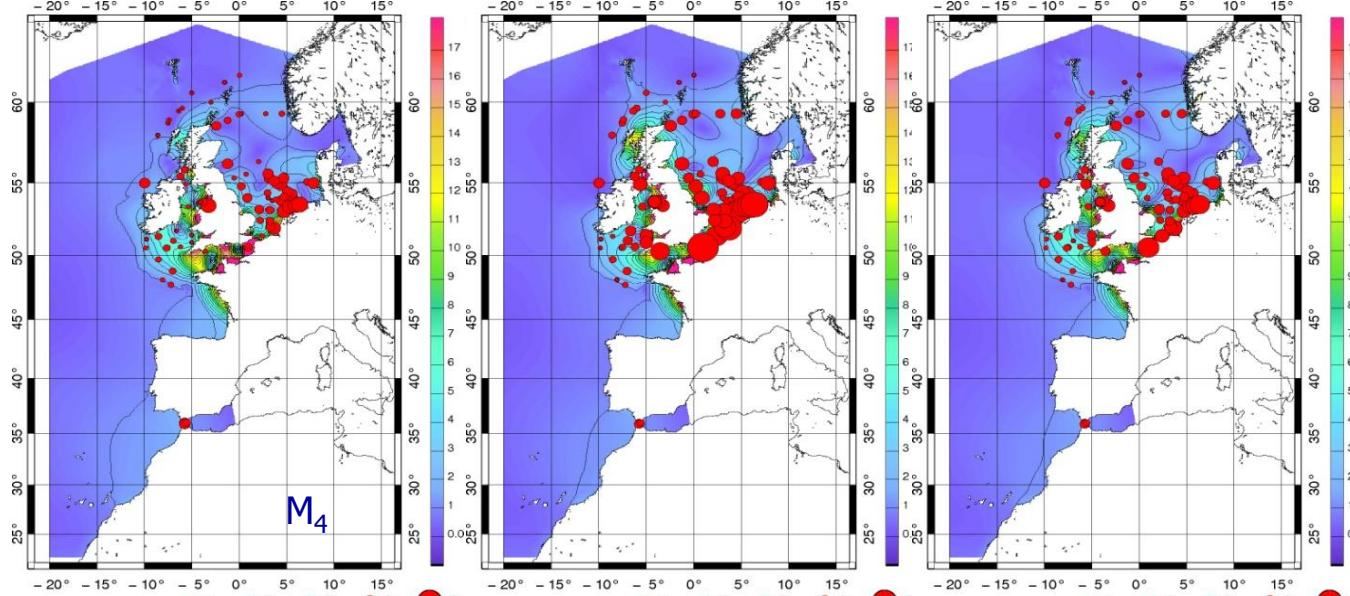
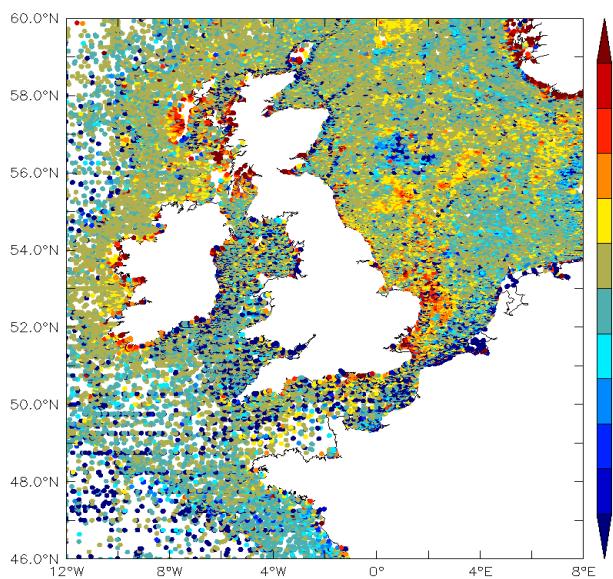
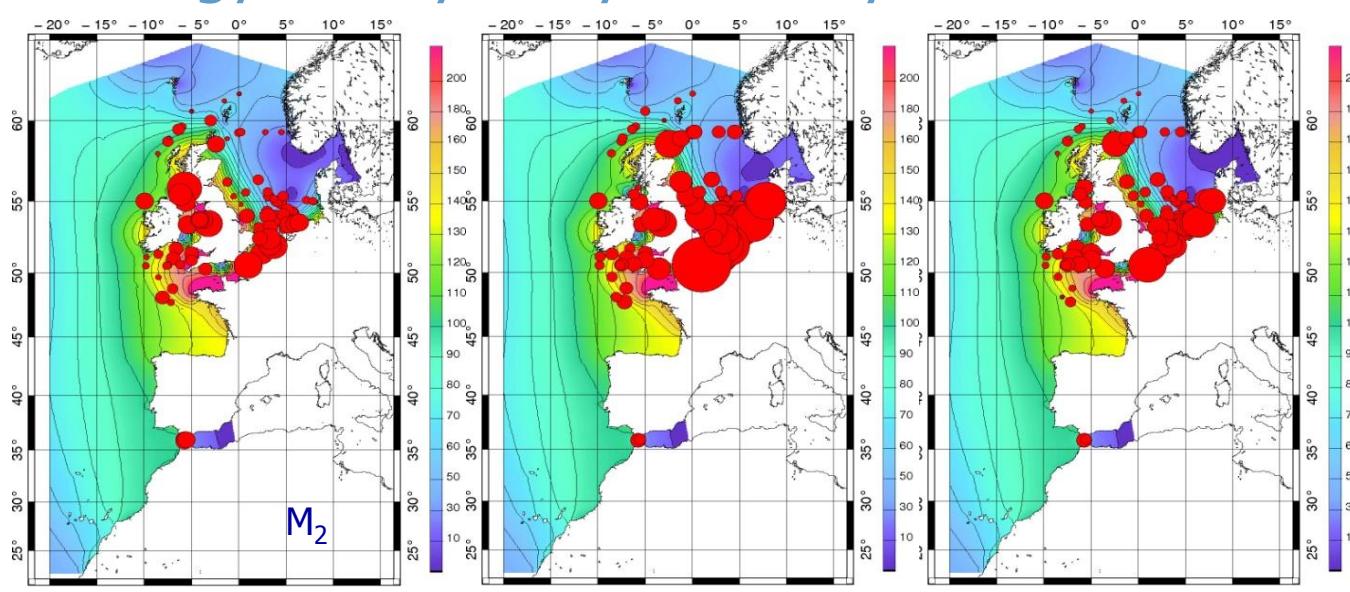
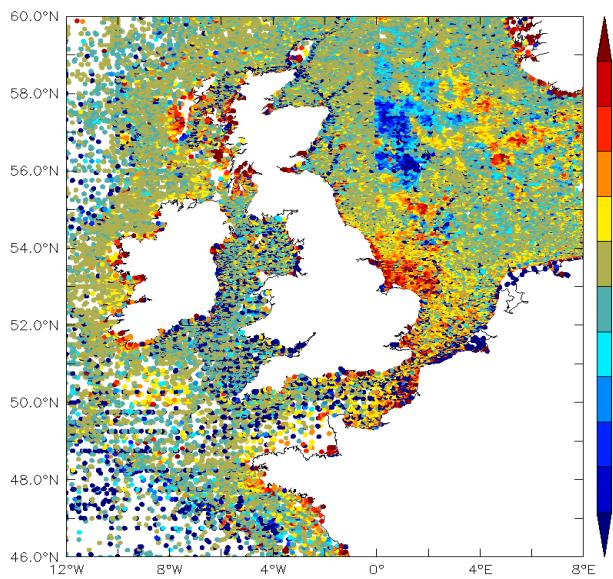


Reference run



Hfreq forcings run

Strategy: bathymetry accuracy vs. assimilation



Bathymetry Version-2009

Bathymetry Version-2009

Bathymetry Version-2010

Polychromatic data assimilation

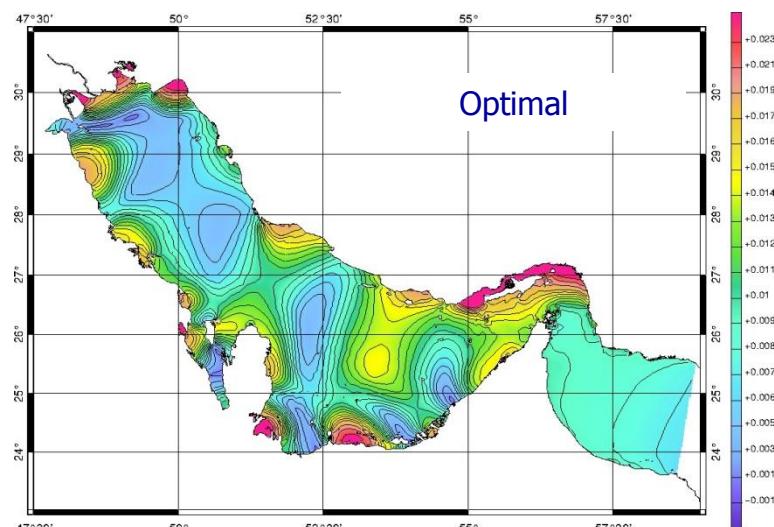
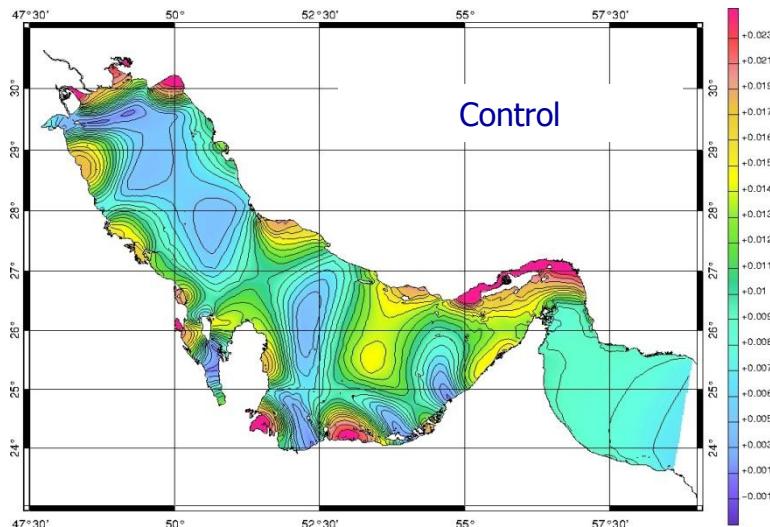
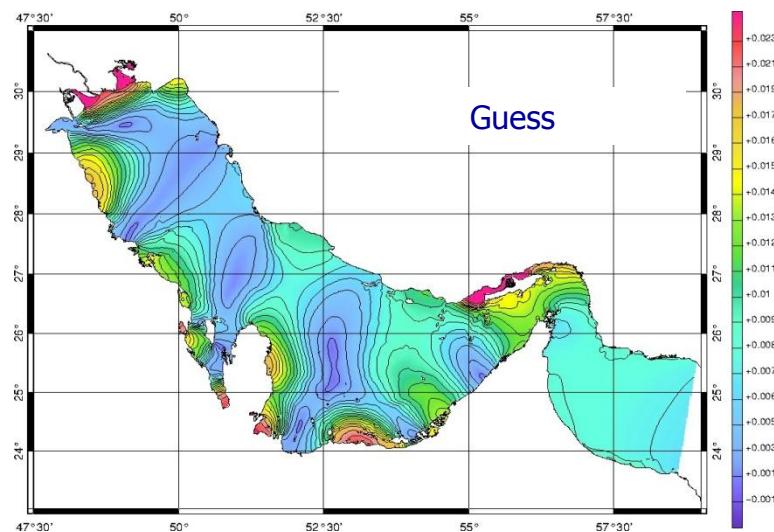
Non-linear constituents:

- O(1) amplitude/noise ratio in altimetry
- strongly correlated with generating astronomical tides

Polychromatic data assimilation

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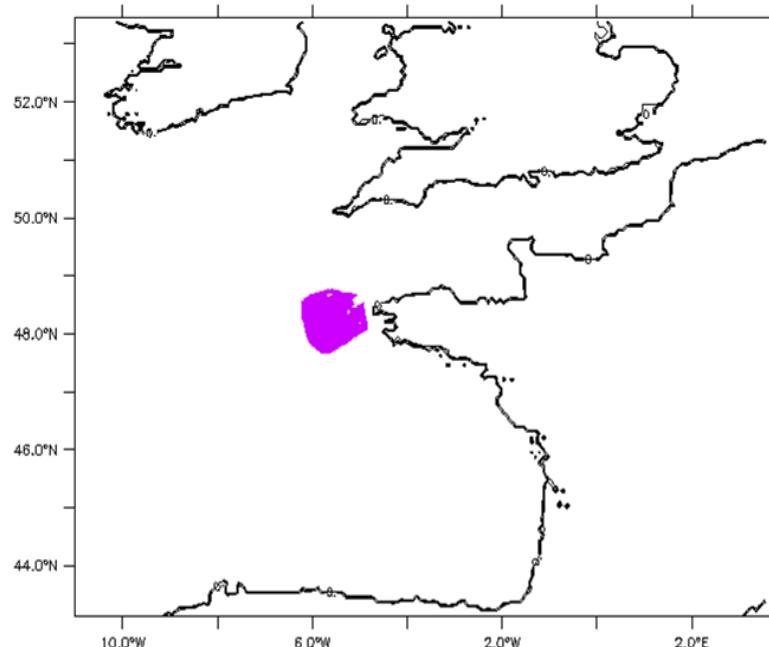
simultaneous data assimilation of several tidal waves to control minor constituents with major constituents data through their tight correlations



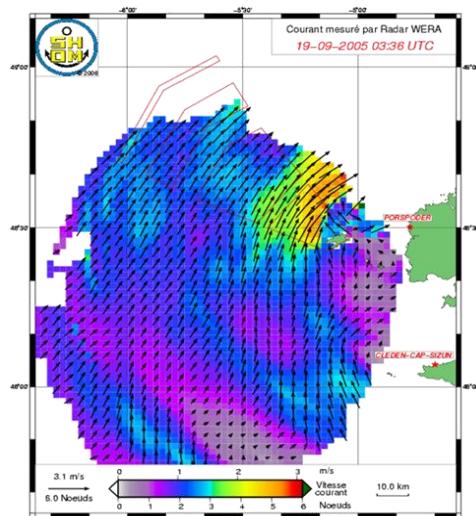
Guess, control and optimal M_4 solution obtained from a M_2, S_2, M_4, MS_4 polychromatic data assimilation (OSSE exercise); no data given for M_4 and MS_4 . Control and optimal almost identical !!!

C_d estimation

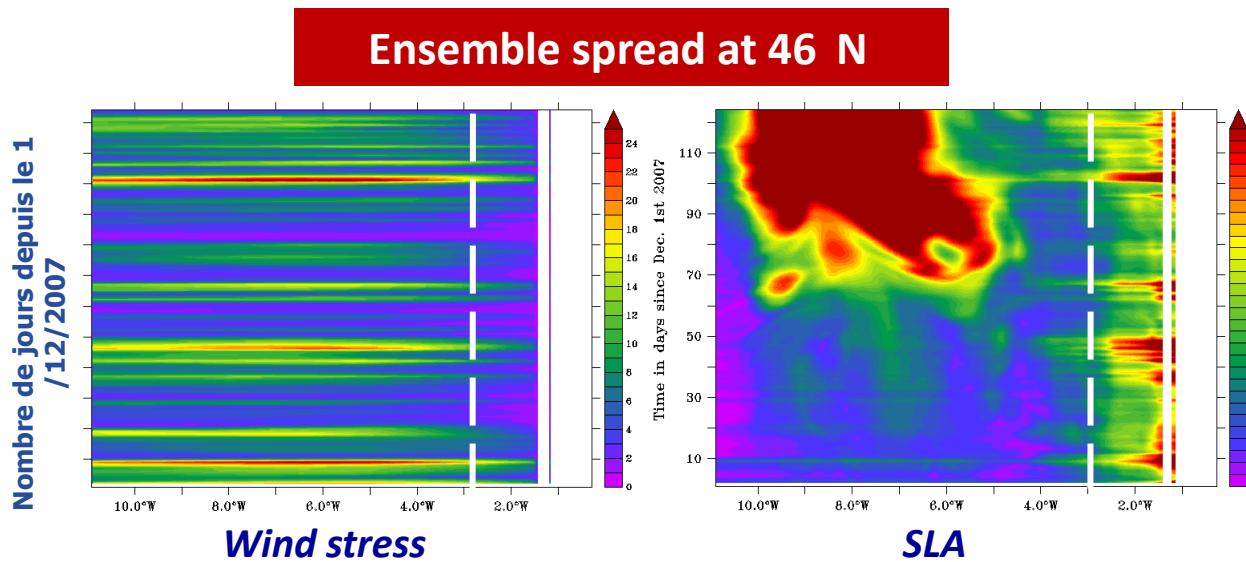
- Bottom drag coefficient important for tidal estimates
- HF radar observations → estimate surface tidal currents
- Variational approach: estimate $C_d(x,y)$ or $C_d(\text{seafloor type})$ which minimises a cost function
- Correct phases
- Ph.D. to start on subject



HF radar coverage

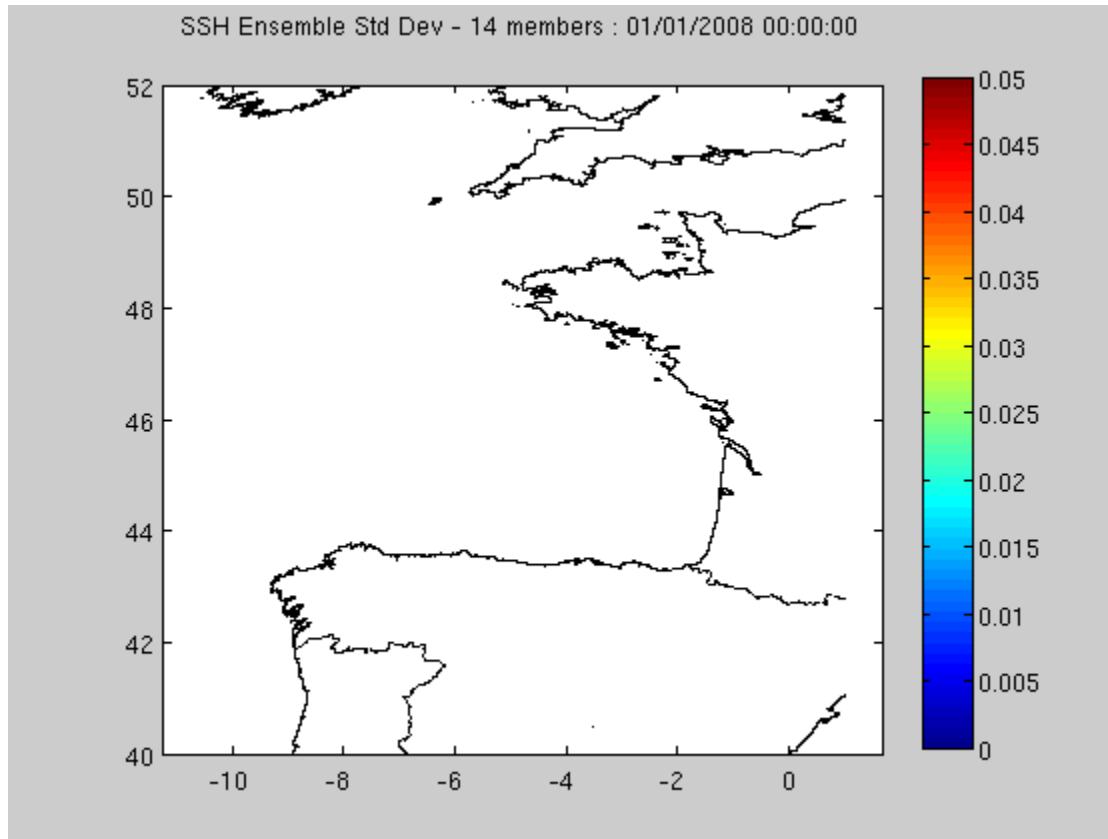


Stochastic modelling forced by wind uncertainties



Ensemble spread(t) in SLA (January 2008) -- a proxy of prior state error variance

- Error-subspace response to wind errors: a mix of mesoscale turbulence, Kelvin/shelf waves, water pile-up on shelves (including English channel, aligned with dominant winds axis) – **spot the fast, elusive Kelvin waves along the Spanish coast!**
- SST Ensemble spread(t) [not shown] also contains Galician upwelling errors

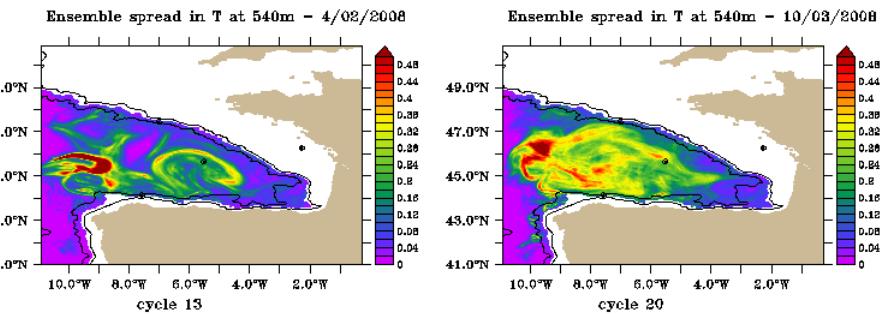
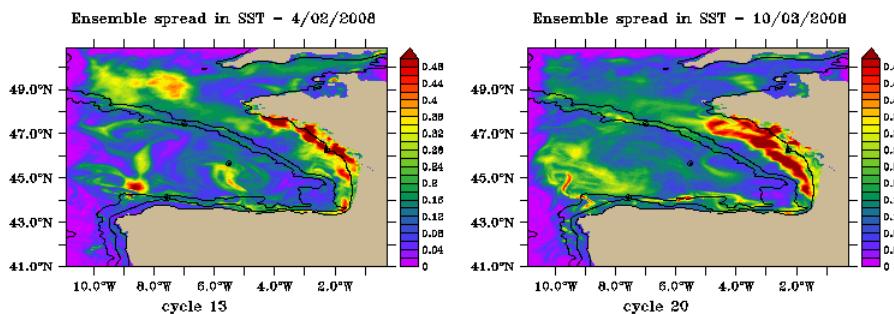
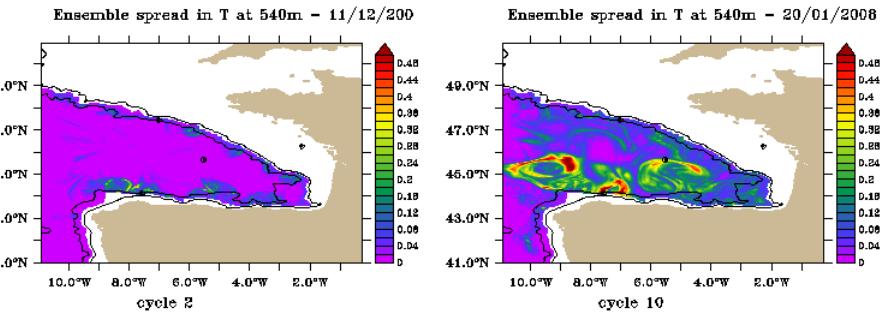
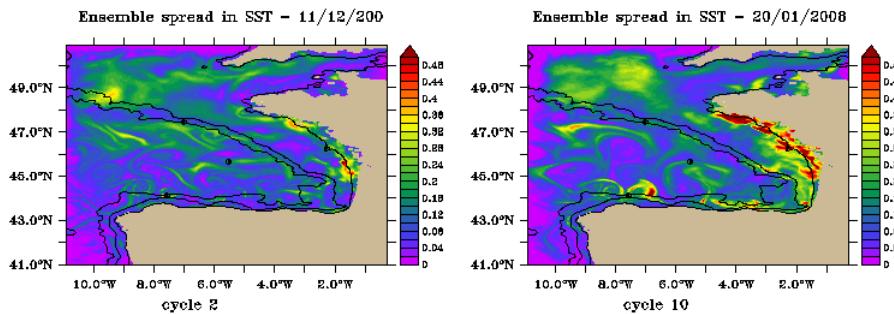


MOVIE: SLA Ensemble Std.dev January 1-31 2008

(Ayoub, De Mey/LEGOS, Lamouroux/NOVELTIS)

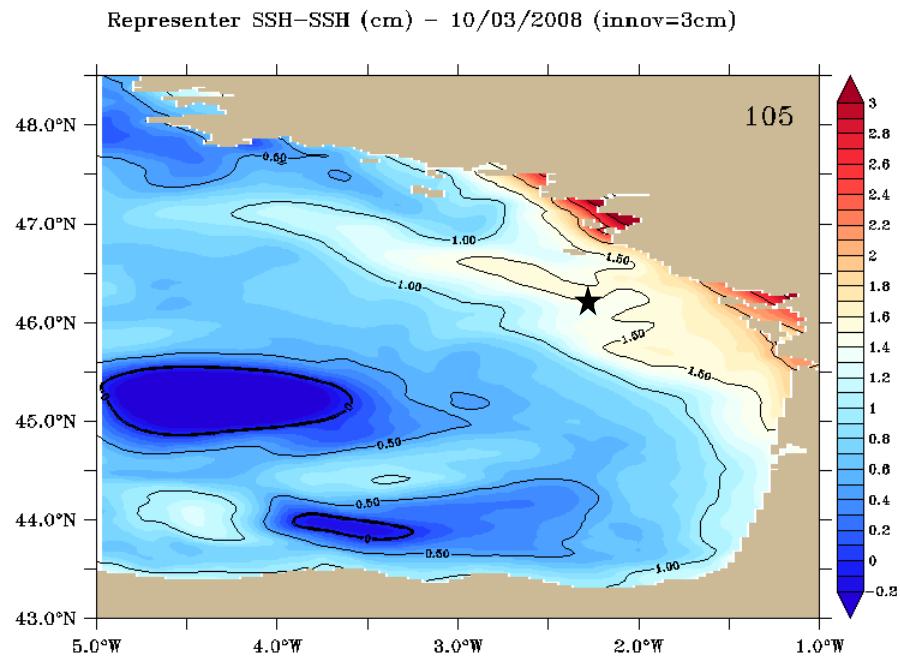
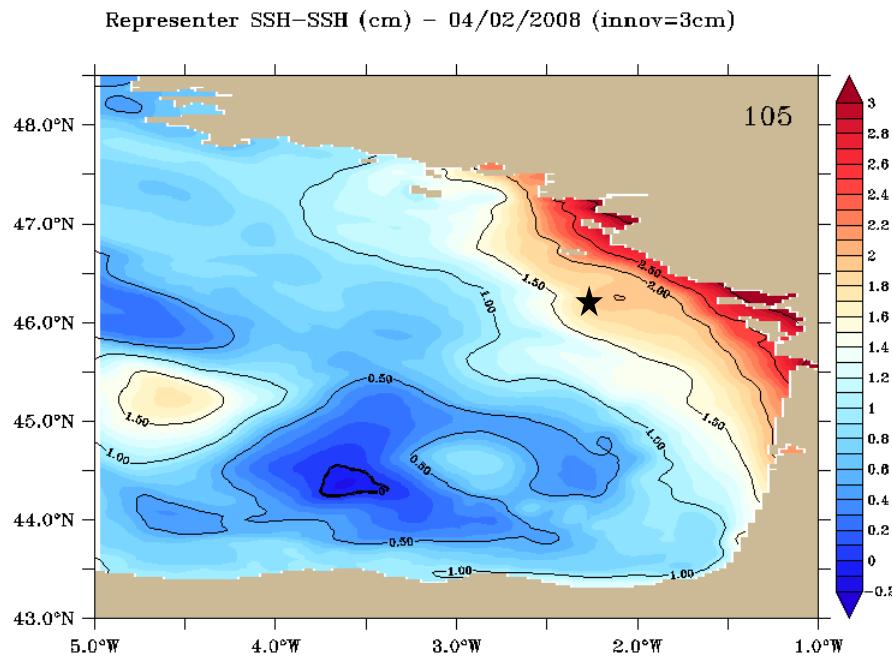
Ensemble spread as a function of time: SST, T540

- Wind velocity errors
- Structures slowly fill up above the abyssal plain, in particular sprouting from the North Iberian shelf
- The response on the shelf is more quickly established and more time dependent

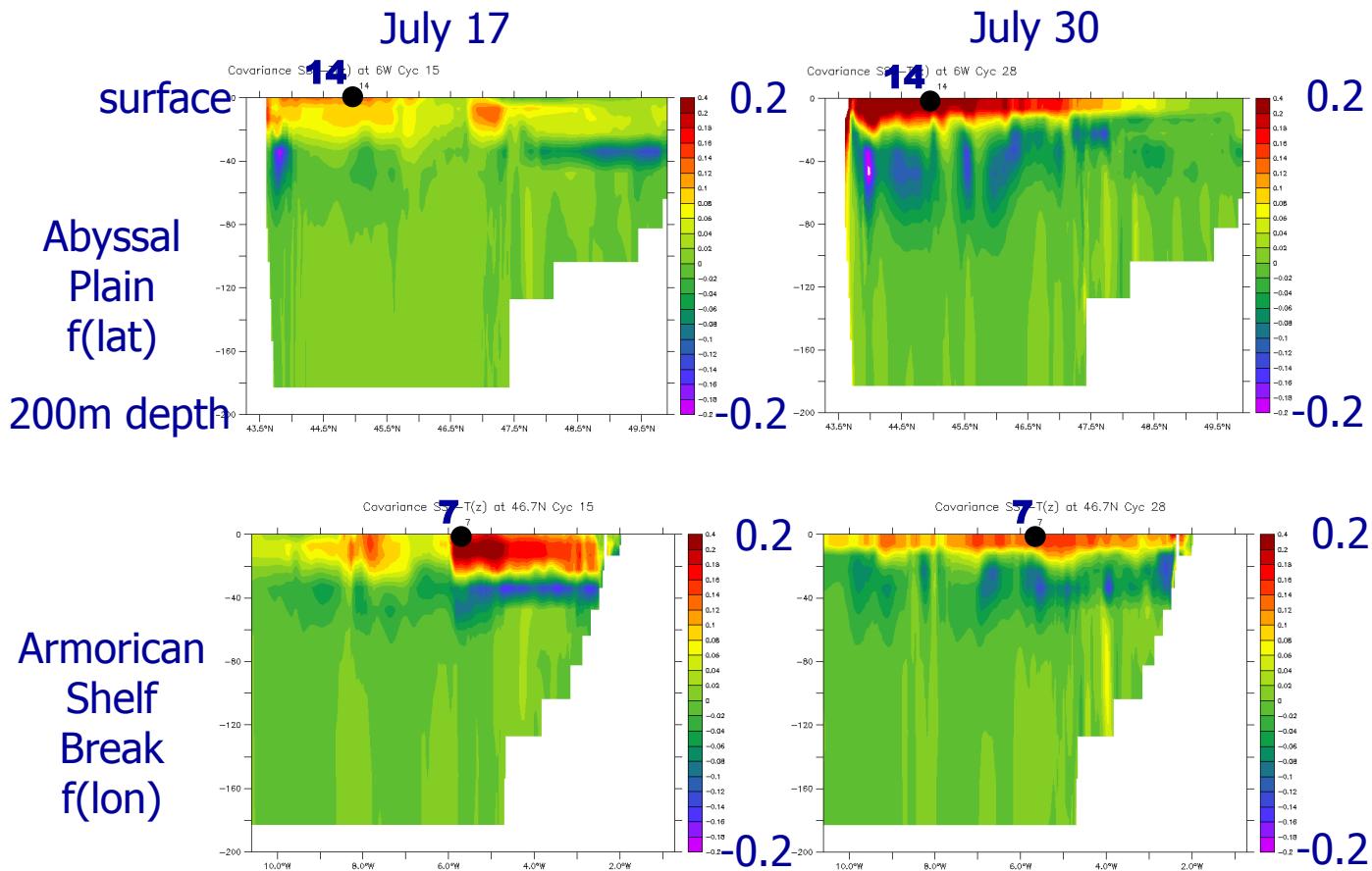


Representers of SSH on top of the South Armorican shelf

- Mostly a shelf-wide response (correlations with abyssal plain variables are probably artefacts)
- High temporal variability



Representers of SST observations (2004) – zero-lag $T(z)$



Vertical sections:

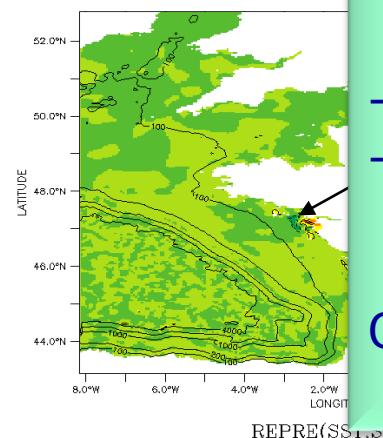
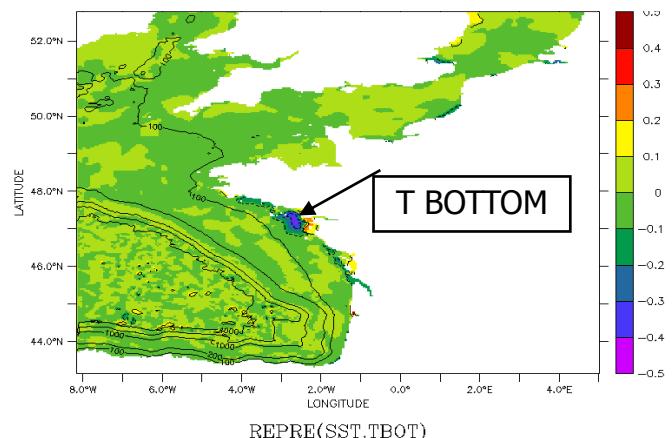
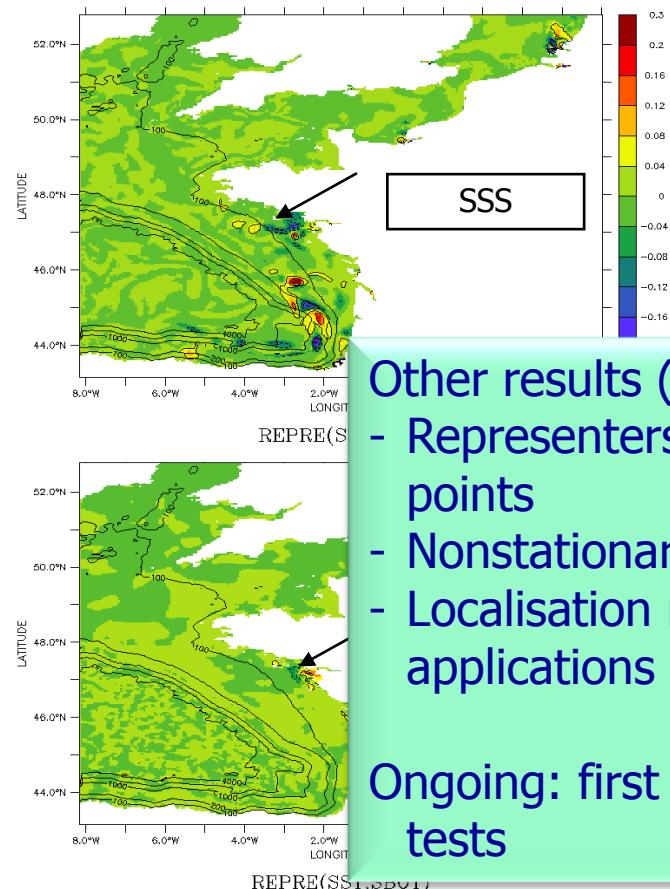
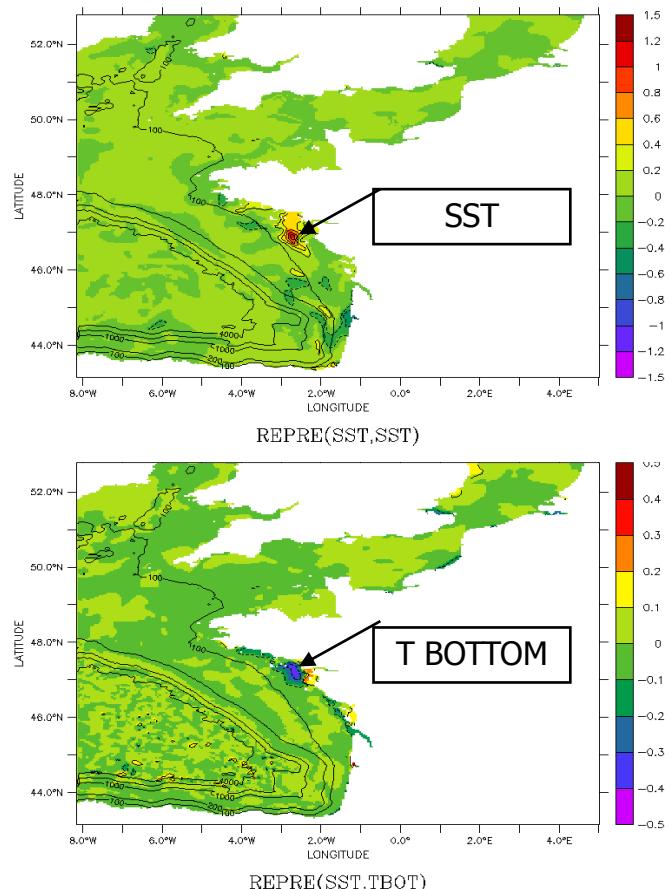
- Covariance sign change across seasonal thermocline indicates that error subspace contains processes changing its depth... and that such processes have an SST signature (consistent w/Andreu-Burillo et al., GRL 2002)
- Time variations of representers are mostly due to changes in ocean state (circulation, thermocline)

Representers of SST observations (2004) – zero-lag $T(z)$

Error sources for Ensemble generation:

- ECMWF Ensembles: 50 members
- MARS3D parameters: C_d , TKE parameters, solar light penetration, horizontal viscosity

REPRESENTERS(Loire SST) [summer 2006]



Other results (not shown):

- Representers at offshore points
- Nonstationary covariances
- Localisation needed for DA applications

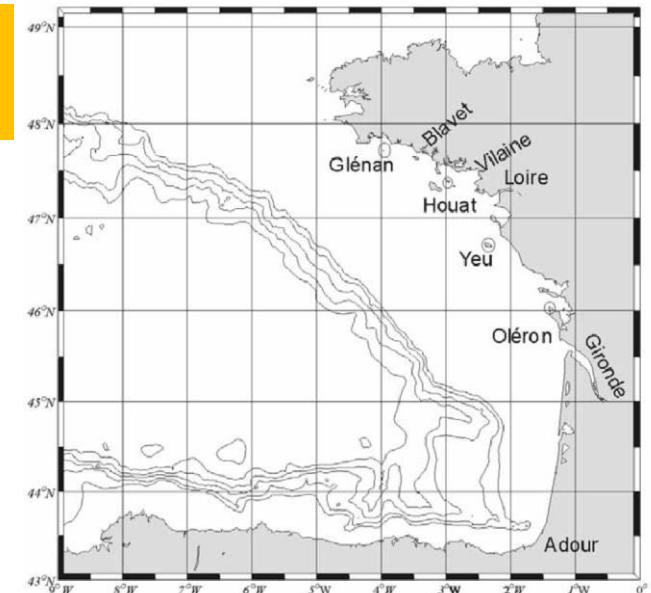
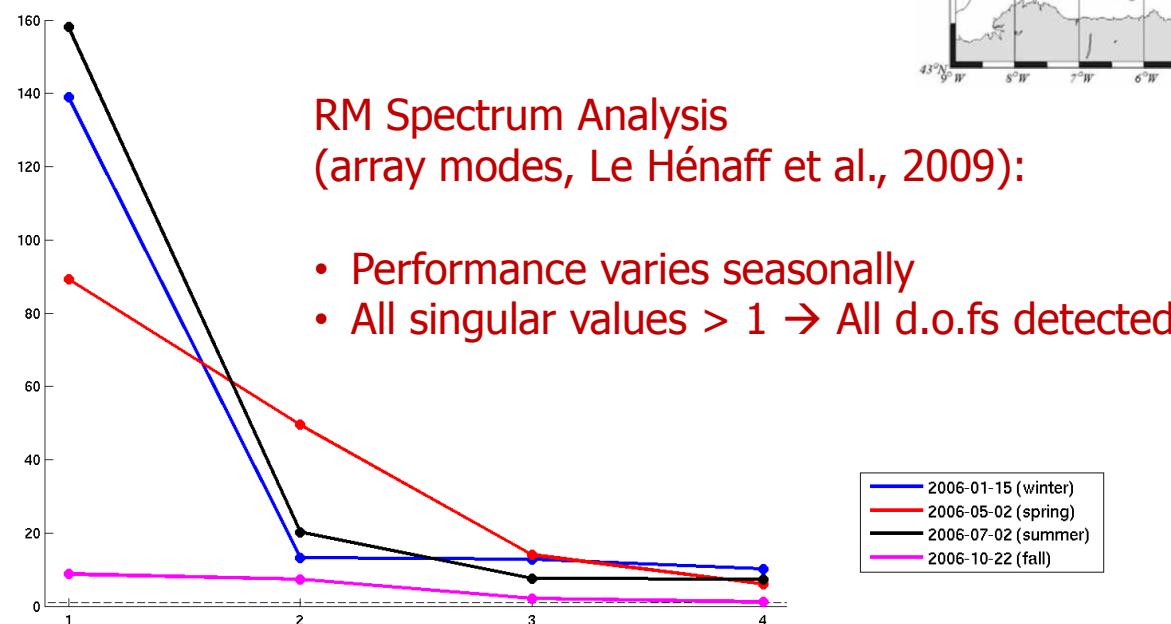
Ongoing: first SST assimilation tests

Ensemble-based Array design -- Island-based moorings

Réseau des Iles Bouées SMATCH (T,S)

MARS3D Ensemble simulations – Error sources considered:

- Wind
- Extinction coefficient
- Turbulent mixing
- Bottom drag

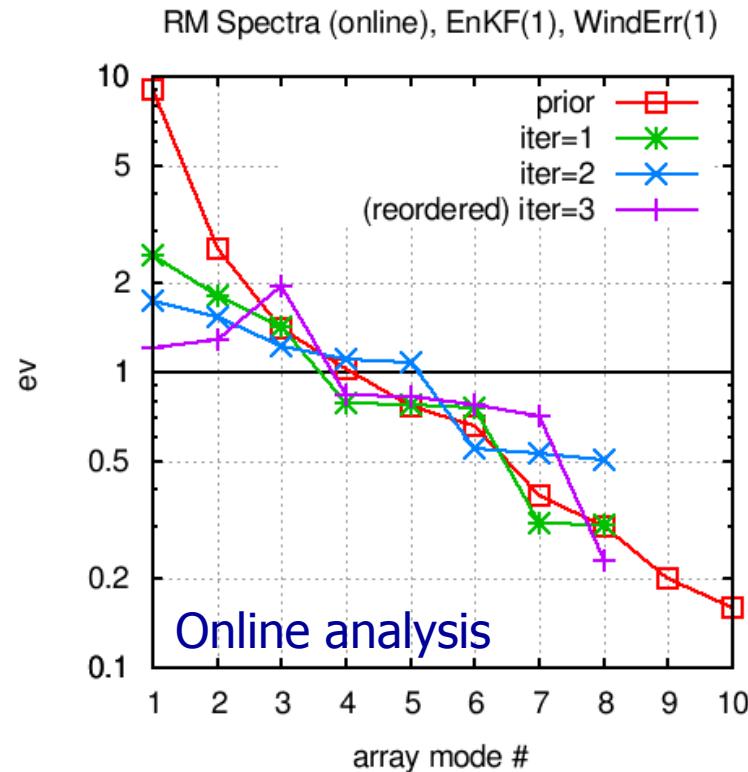
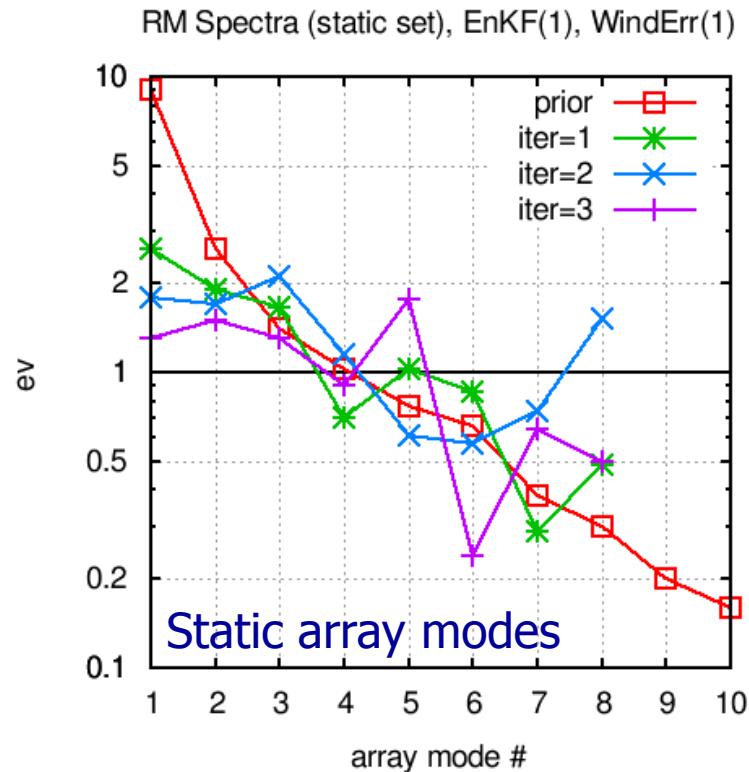


RM Spectrum Analysis
(array modes, Le Hénaff et al., 2009):

- Performance varies seasonally
- All singular values $> 1 \rightarrow$ All d.o.f.s detected

Legend:
— 2006-01-15 (winter)
— 2006-05-02 (spring)
— 2006-07-02 (summer)
— 2006-10-22 (fall)

RM Spectrum analysis: online analysis with AEnKF



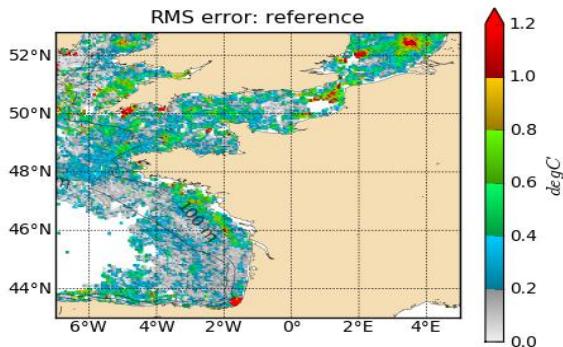
SWOT, Gaussian wind errors, 10-day assim cycles (invariant \mathbf{H}):

- Spectra whiten in detectable range (array info being extracted)
- Swing & Meso1 array modes evolve slowly throughout regime changes
- Confirm that SWOT alone exhibits useful performance at constraining Swing & Mesoscale error processes, more marginal perf. for HF on shelf

Ensemble spread (Forecast error) consistency with innovation

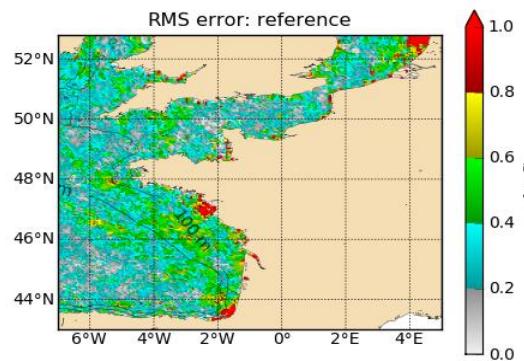
WINTER

2006-01-16 – 2006-02-01



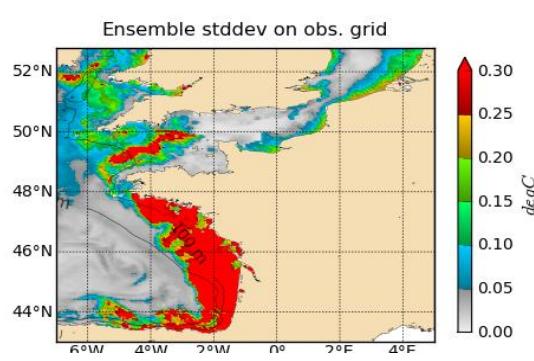
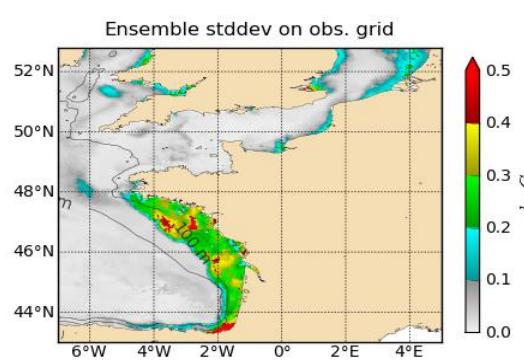
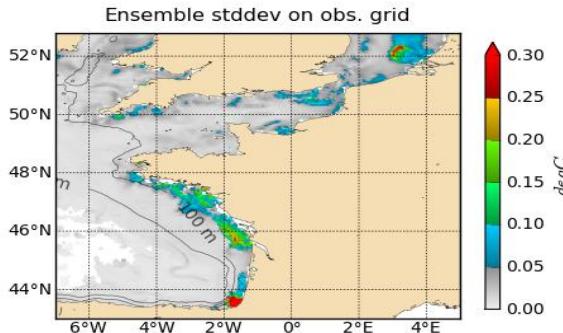
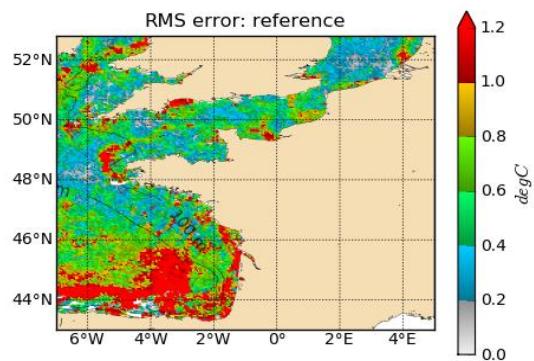
SPRING

2006-04-17 – 2006-05-11



SUMMER

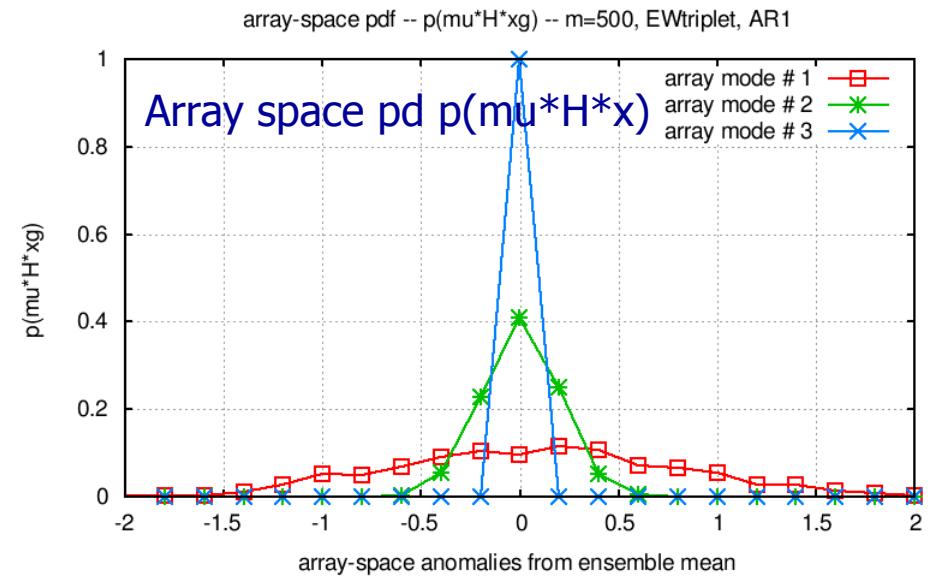
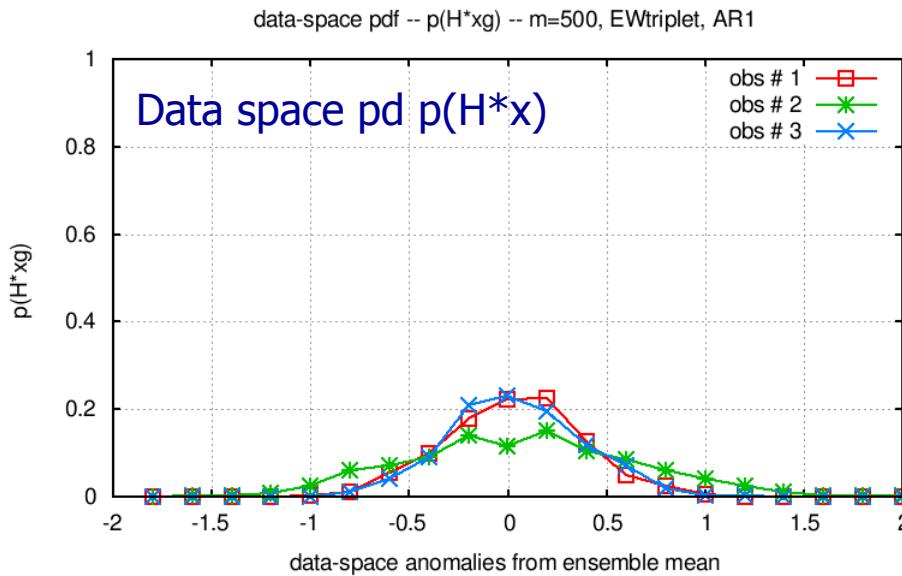
2006-07-02 – 2006-07-18



On shelves: SST Ensemble spread underestimates error, but reasonable spatial distribution (especially in winter + spring)

(Towards) array-space consistency analysis

- Goal: check whether pd's of model forecast and observations are consistent w/o (visually, through reliability scores, etc. – not the topic here)
 - Data space vs. array space
- Low-order array-space forecast pd's have broadest base (by design)
 - Hierarchize consistency checks from easiest to hardest to pass



EW triplet, stationary/correlated AR process, 500 members

La suite... une ébauche à discuter / What next? (1/2)

- Interactions
 - Niveau national / National level
 - GMMC → PPR?
 - EPIGRAM → suite (ANR)?
 - LEFE/ASSIM → outils
 - COMODO → stratégie (« favoriser l'émergence d'un ensemble d'outils ») + cas-tests
 - SIROCCO → outils
 - TOSCA: voir SWOT
 - Niveau européen / European level
 - JERICO → array design
 - SANGOMA → outils
 - Niveau international / International level
 - SWOT: accompagnement du raffinement d'échelles spatiotemporelles → impact++
 - OceanView Coastal Ocean and Shelf Seas Task Team (COSS-TT) → projet pilote
- Opportunités de calendrier à étudier

La suite... une ébauche à discuter / What next? (2/2)

(now in terms of a national initiative)

- But: permettre à une communauté encore embryonnaire de trouver ses marques et de progresser
- Volet d'un projet EPIGRAM-2 (ANR) ou PPR GMMC?
 - Volet "Prédicibilité" centré sur des processus (méso/submésos, fronts, marée/HF, effets des ondes internes, Navidad, etc.)
 - Impact de stratégies de modélisation, de forçages
 - Impact du downscaling (et des produits assimilés à grande échelle)
 - Apport de l'assimilation (diverses techniques/physiques)
 - Impact de la stratégie d'observation pour l'assimilation
 - Eventuellement possibilité de soumettre indépendamment dans un cadre SWOTST
 - PPR GMMC (avec Previmer)
 - Idem mais dans la config opérationnelle
- Nombre de CDDs à évaluer

- Mode EP-2: plus axé études scientifiques amont, configurations multiples
- Mode PPR: plus axé OO, config unique, durée limitée (soutien Previmer → 2013)