

Equipe Dynamique Marine et Océanographie Opérationnelle:

Hydrodynamique:

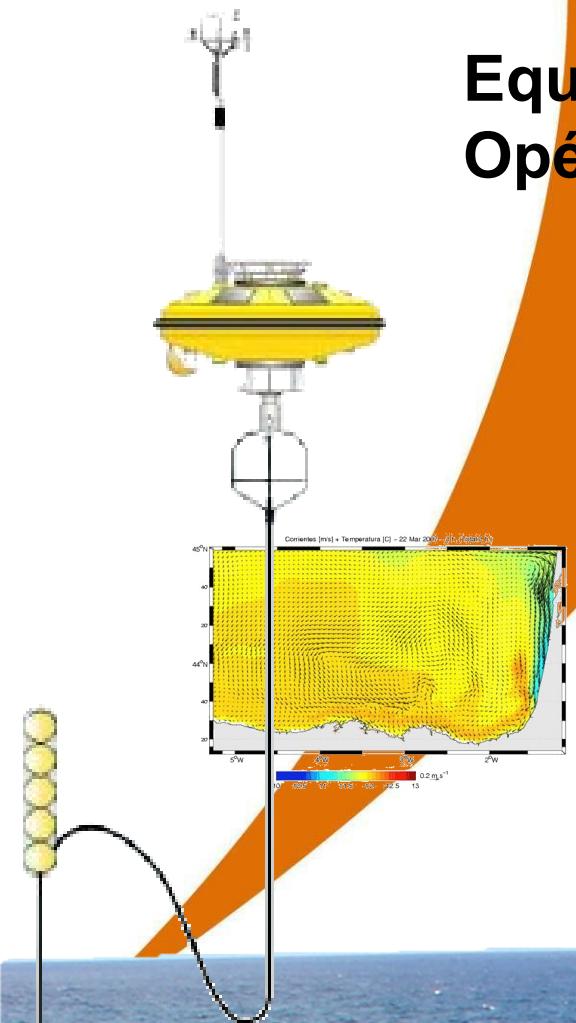
Almudena Fontán, Luis Ferrer, Manuel González,
Andrea Del Campo, Anna Rubio, Julien Mader

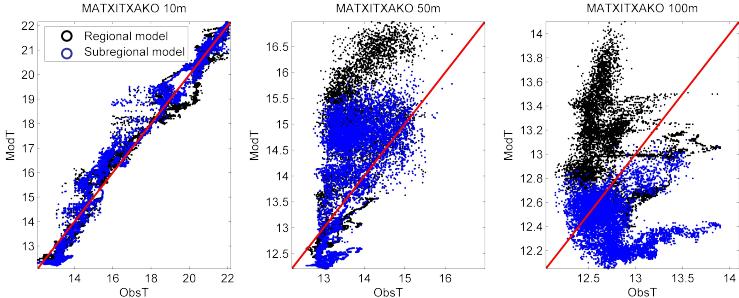
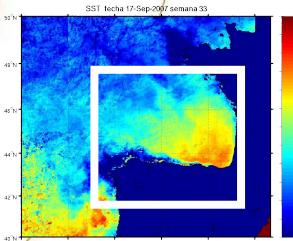
Houle, Morphodynamique, Cartographie:

Pedro Liria, Carlos Hernandez, Ibon Galparsoro

Télédetection:

Yolanda Sagarminaga, Guillem Chust, Ainhoa Caballero





Problématiques à différentes échelles:

- REGIONAL: Halieutique, Dispersion hydrocarbures
- LOCALE: Pollution, qualité des eaux, transport de sédiments...

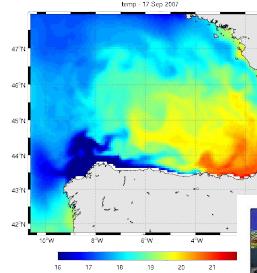
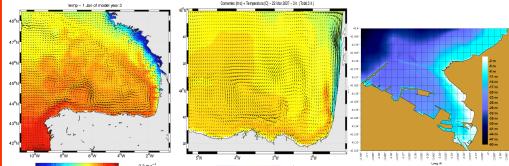
Observations

In situ: Bouées, radar HF, Stations côtières

Remote sensing: SST, SSH, Ocean Colour

Modèles

Régional, interrégional et configurations locales



Processus :

- Circulation générale sur le plateau et pente (et sa variabilité)
- Dynamique de la couche surface
- Effets des événements extrêmes (tempêtes)
- Effets des apports fluviaux sur l'hydrodynamique côtière et évolution des panaches...

2009-2011

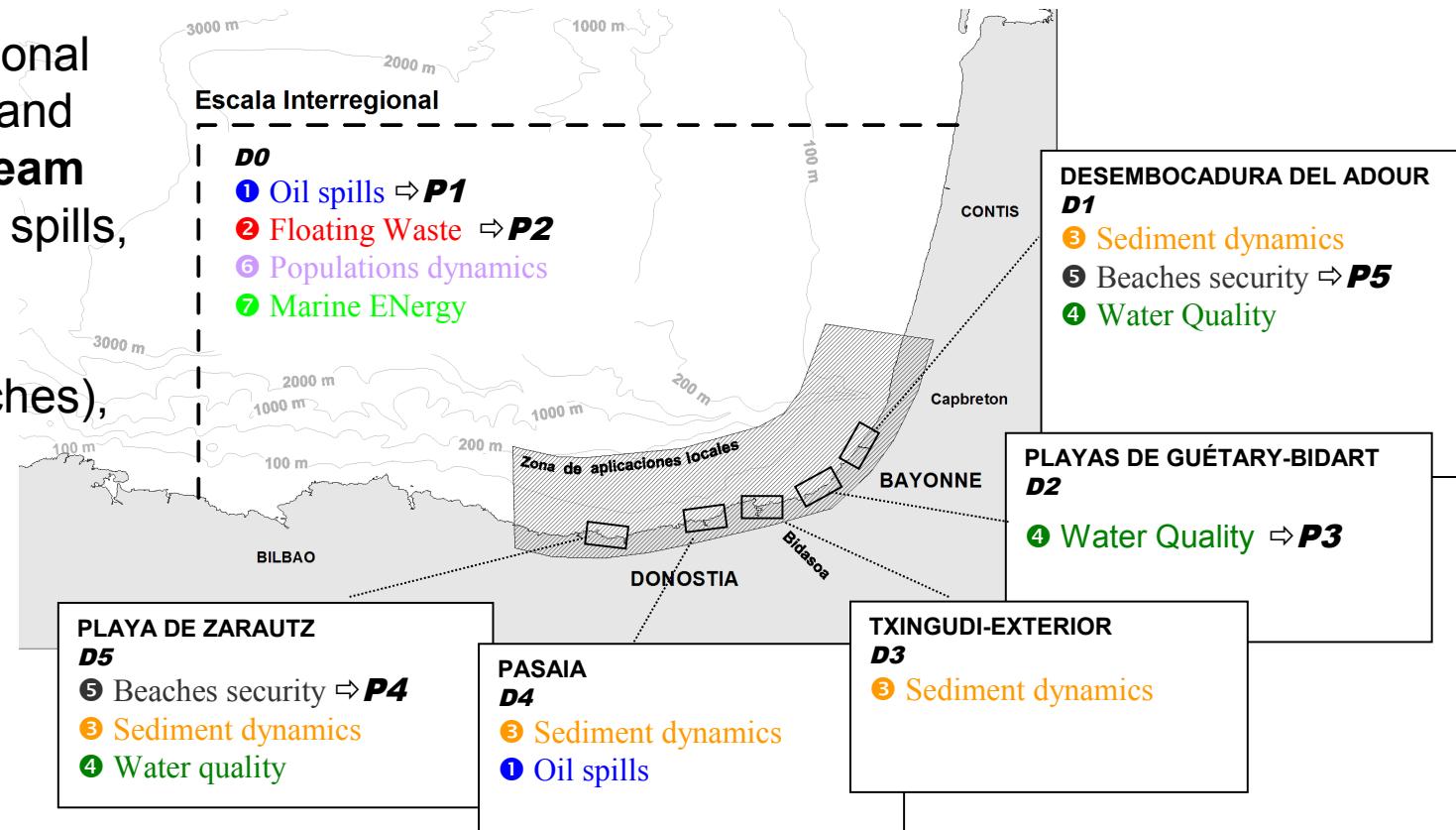


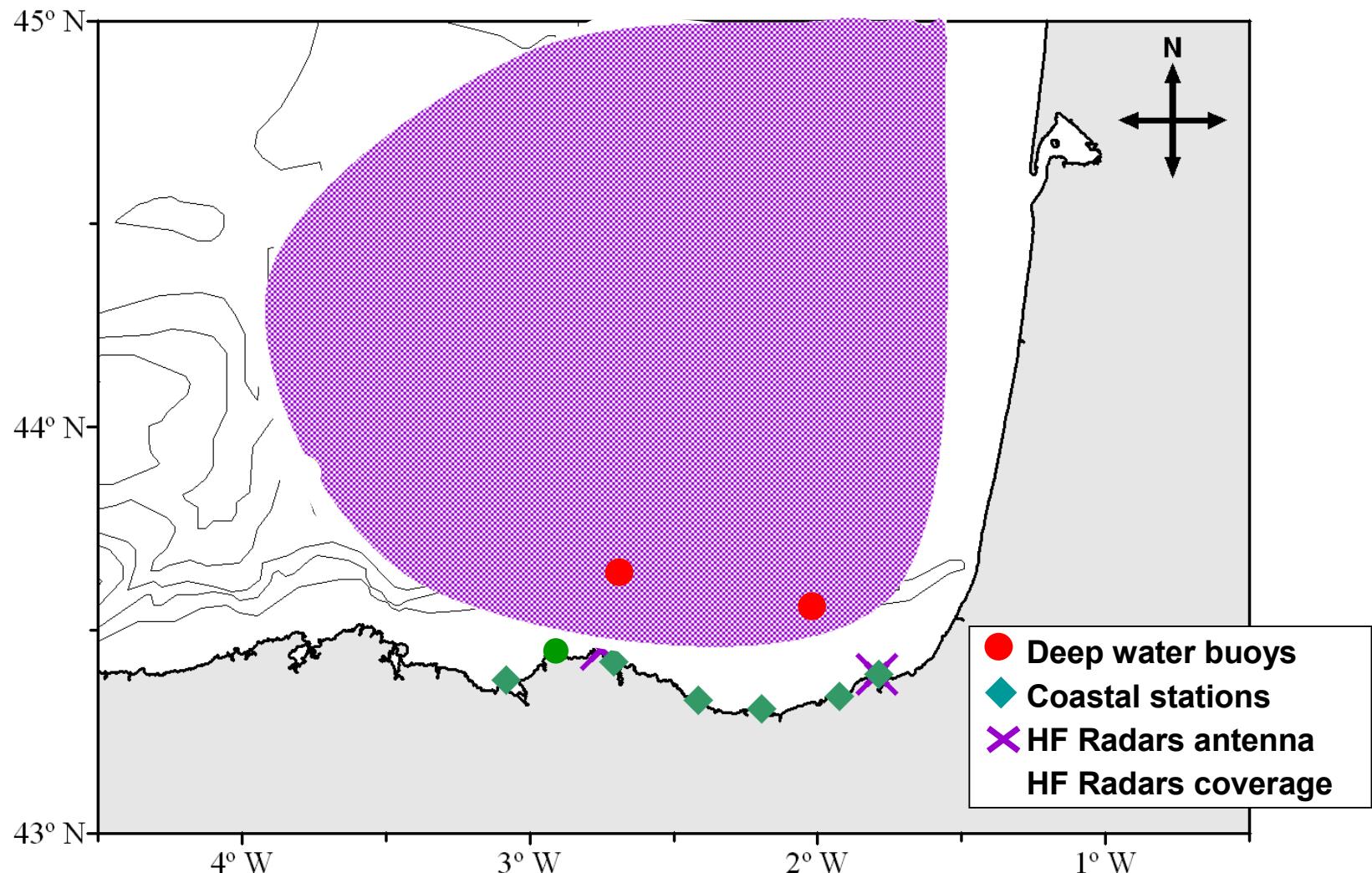
INTERREG IVa Project

LOREA: Littoral, Ocean and Rivers in Euskadi-Aquitaine

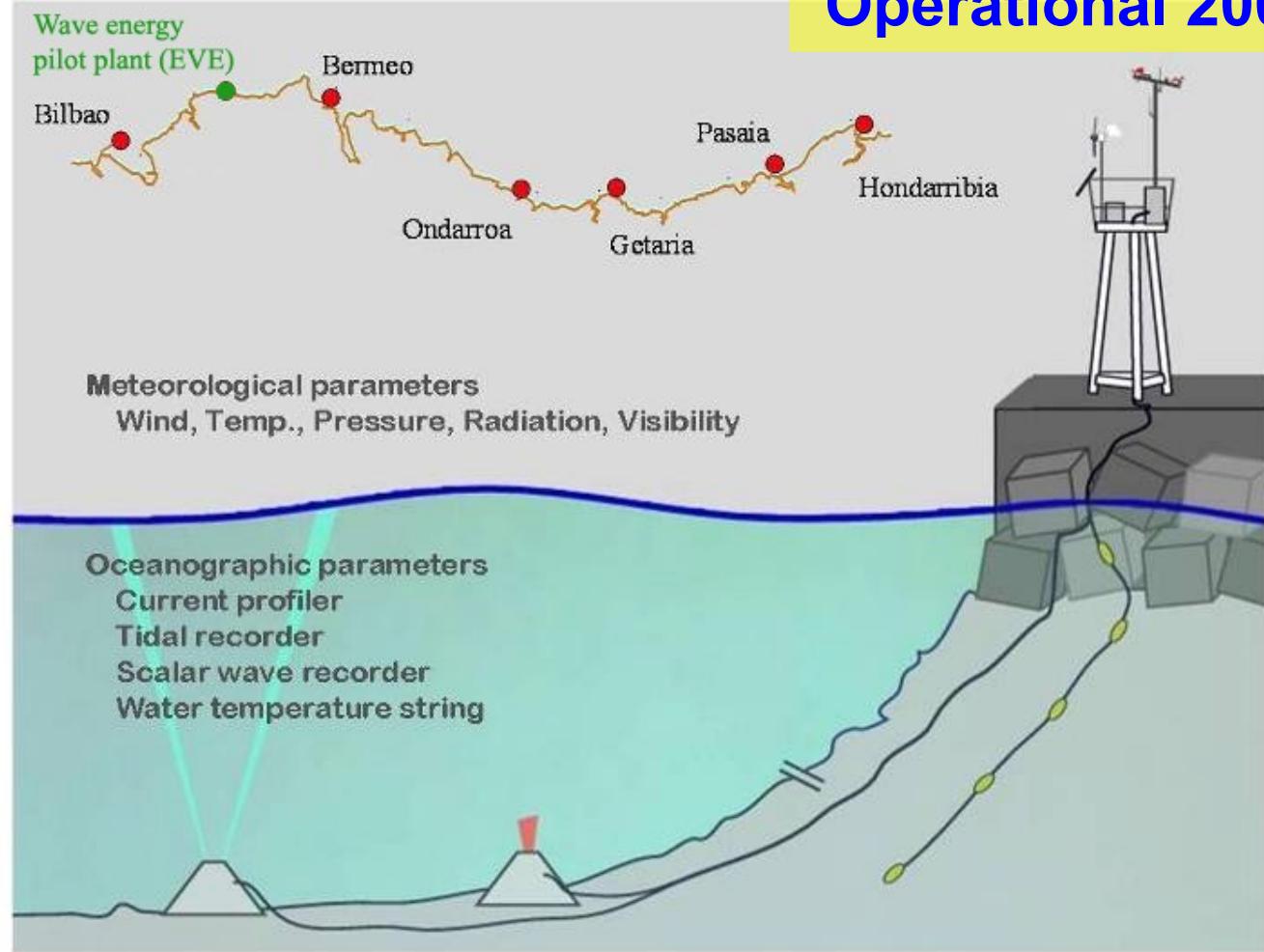
Interregional System of Littoral Oceanography System

Coastal operational oceanography and local downstream services on oil spills, water quality (bacteriological impact on beaches), safety,... in pilot areas

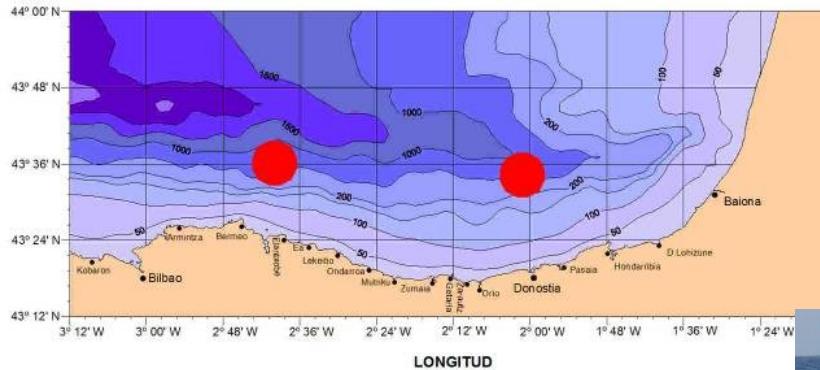




Operational 2004.



Tidal and wind-induced circulation within the Southeastern limit of the Bay of Biscay:
Pasaia Bay, Basque Coast.
Fontán A. et al. CSR, 2009 in press (doi:10.1016/j.csr.2008.12.013)



Ocean-meteorological buoys (2+1)

Meteorological sensors:

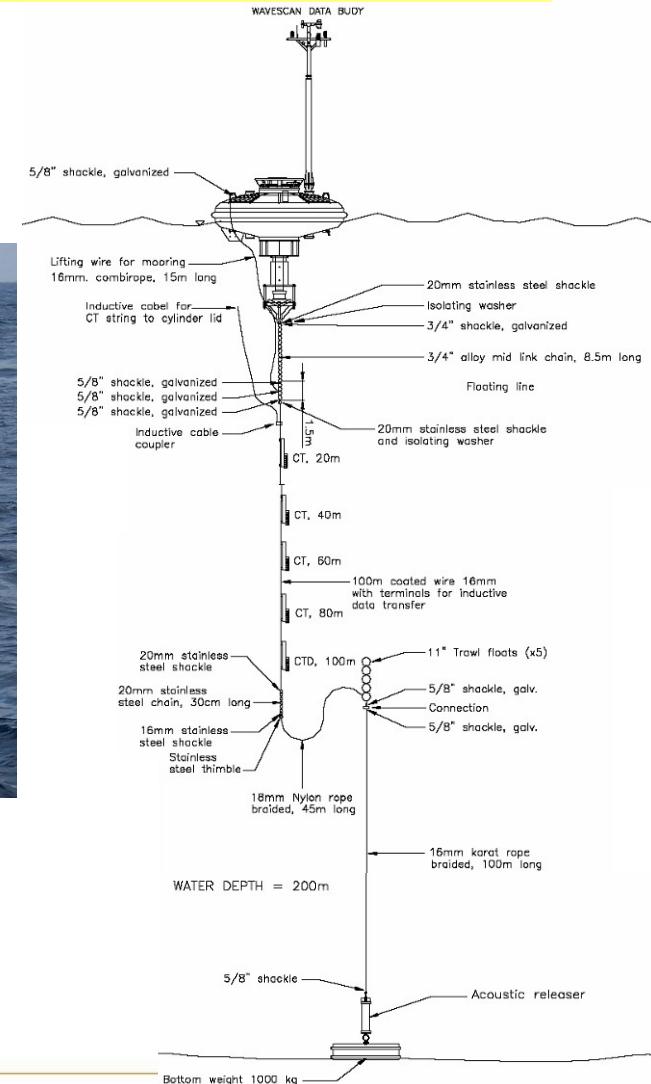
- Air temperature sensor
- Air pressure
- Wind sensor
- Solar and Net radiation

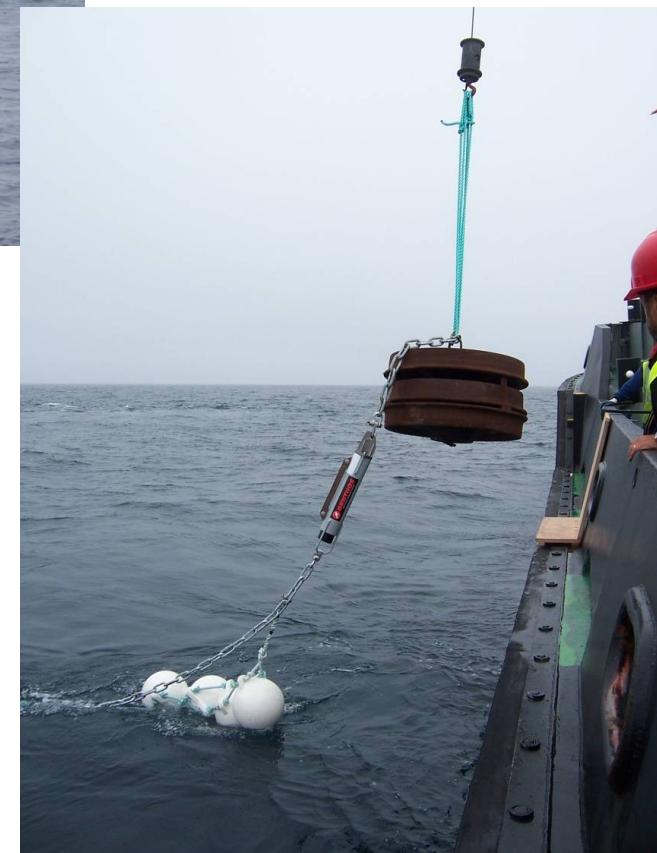
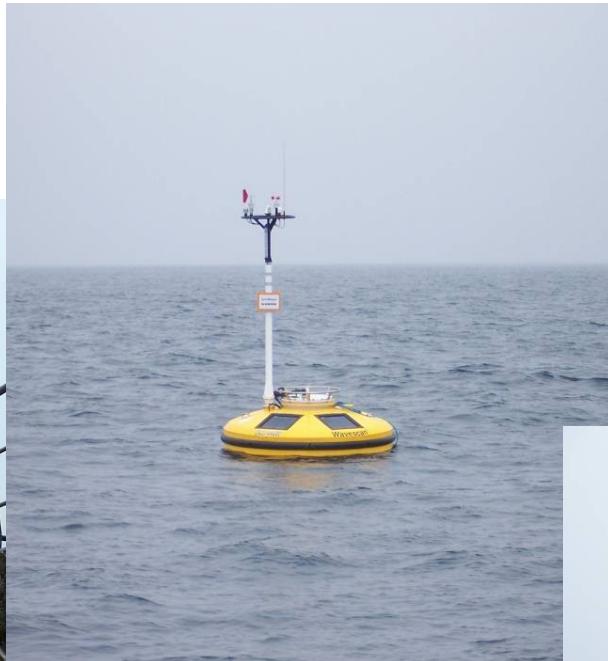
Oceanographic parameters:

- Directional wave sensor
- Surface current sensor
- Current profile in the upper 200m of the water column
- Temperature and salinity in the upper 10-200m of the water column



Operational 2007.

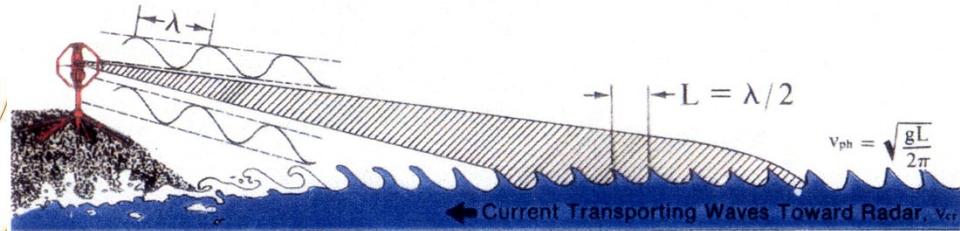




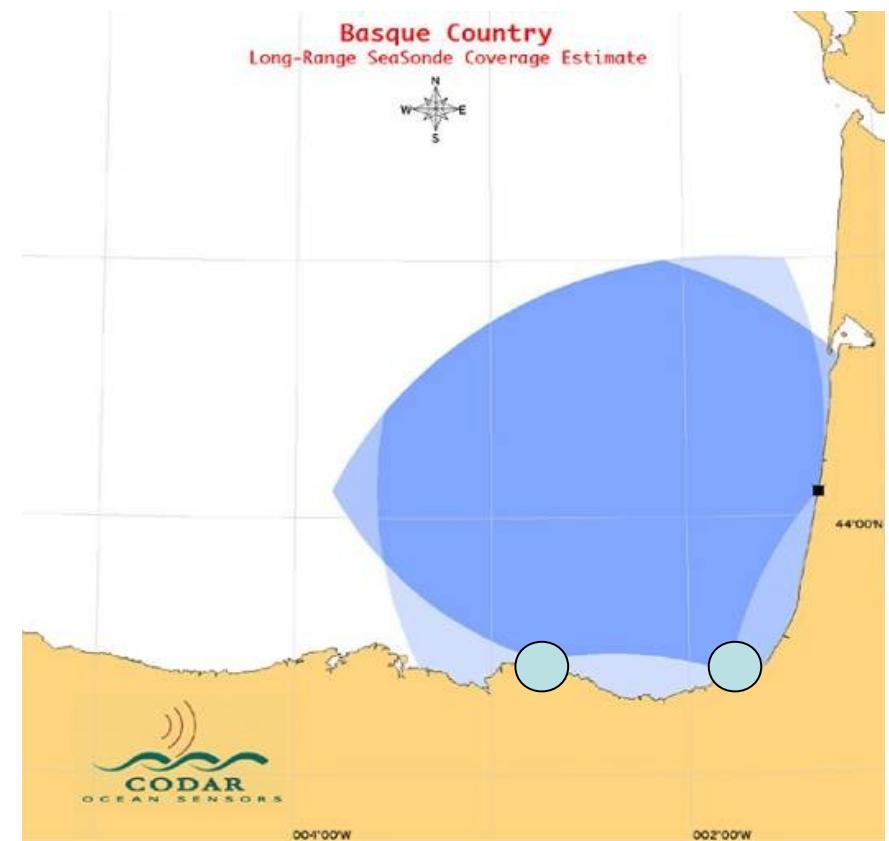


Phase III: HF Radars

NARROW-BEAM FIRST-ORDER BRAGG SCATTER FROM THE SEA

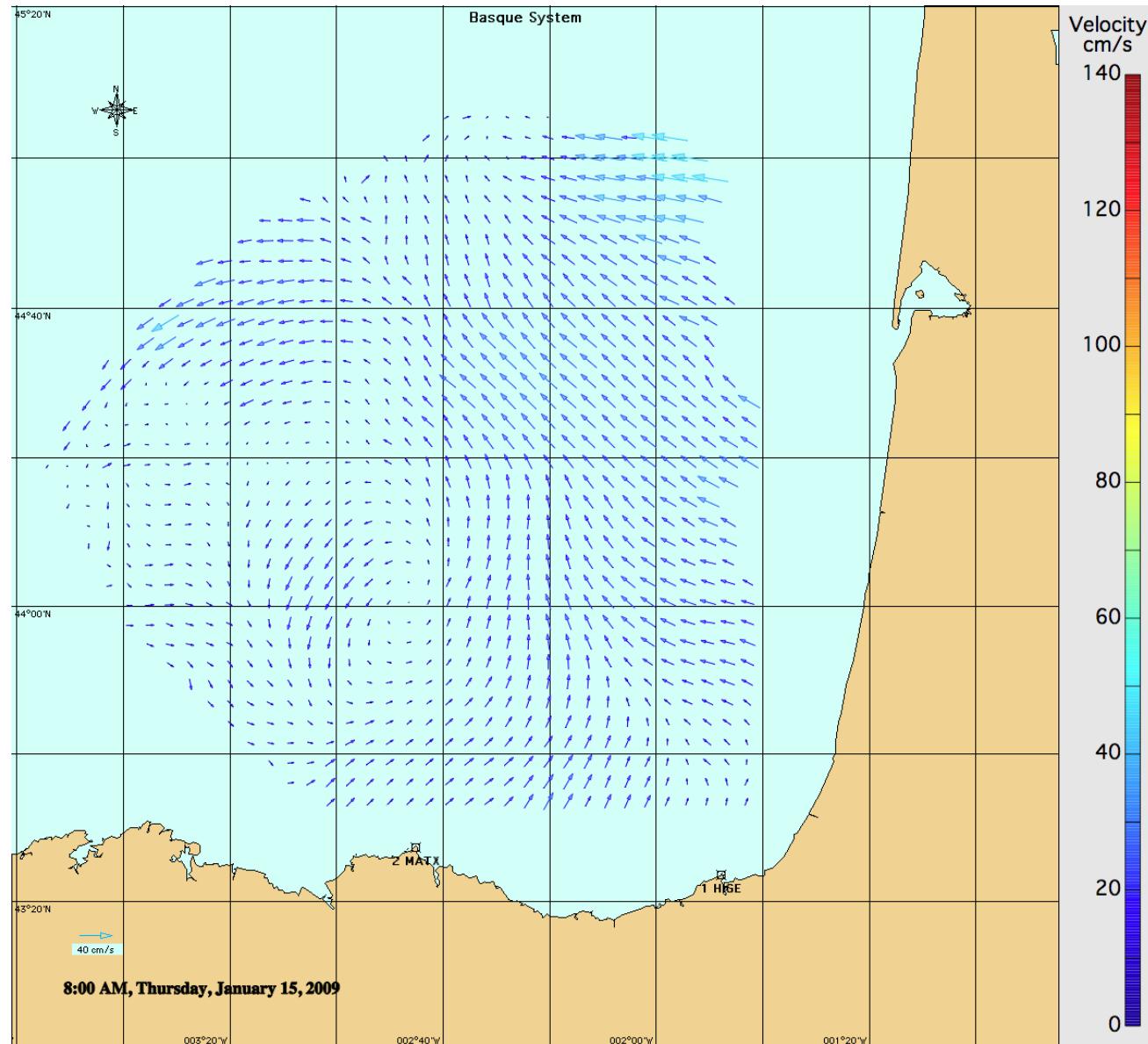


**Operational in 2008
Data validation on progress**

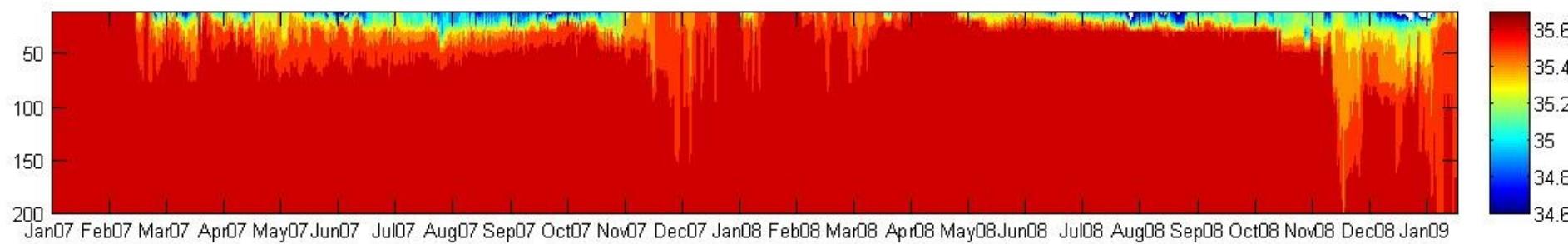


Surface currents and Sea state distribution

Long-Range SeaSonde [~5 MHz] Range : 200 km Resolution: 6 km



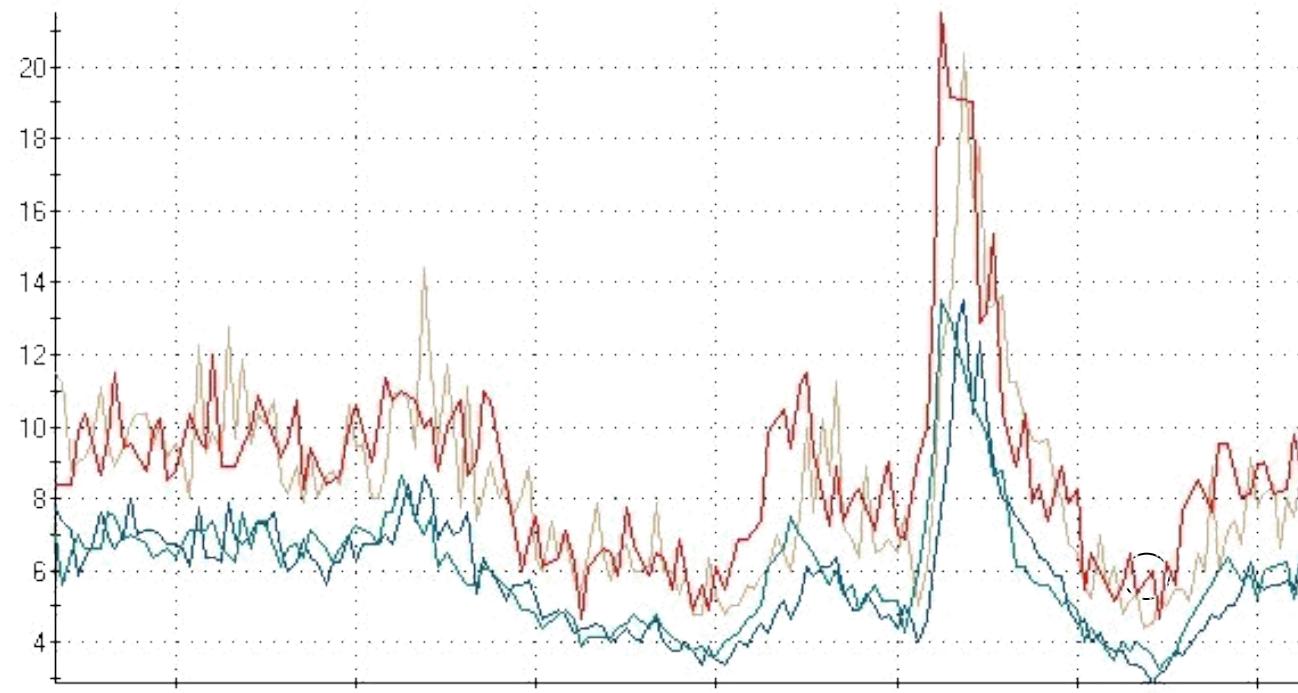
Profils à partir de CTs à 10, 20, 30, 50, 75, 100, 200m
Données horaires
Janvier 2007-Janvier 2009



Wave heights during the “Klaus” storm

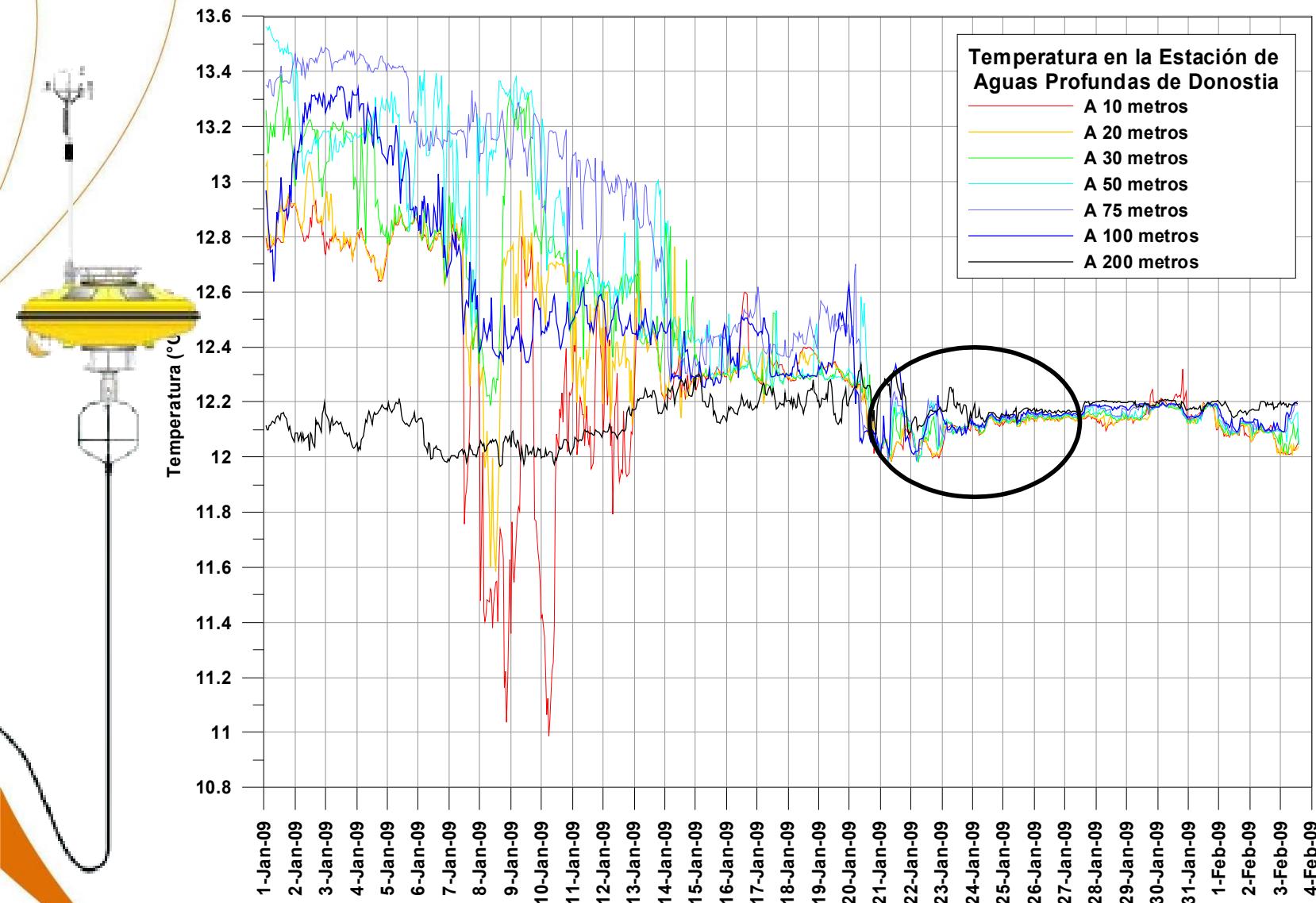
24/01/2009

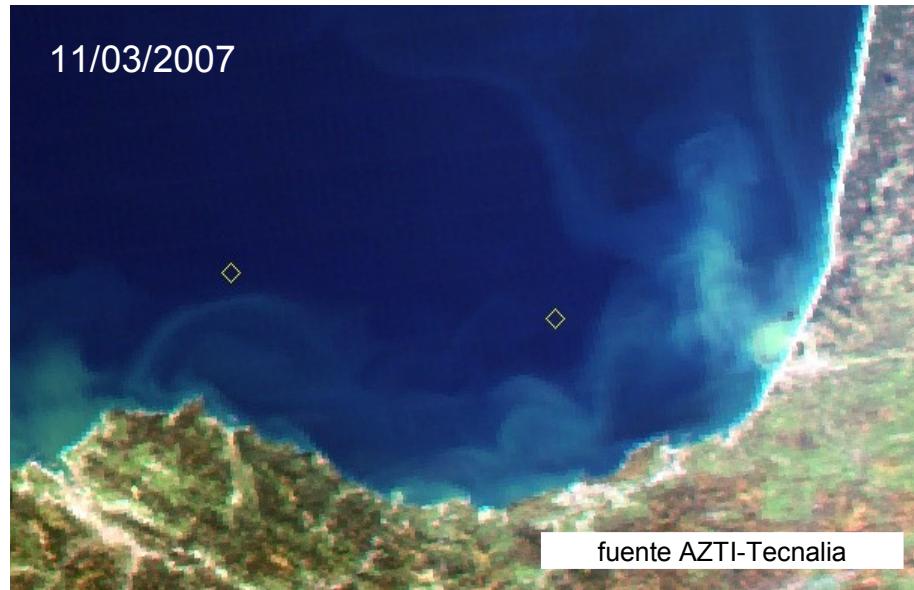
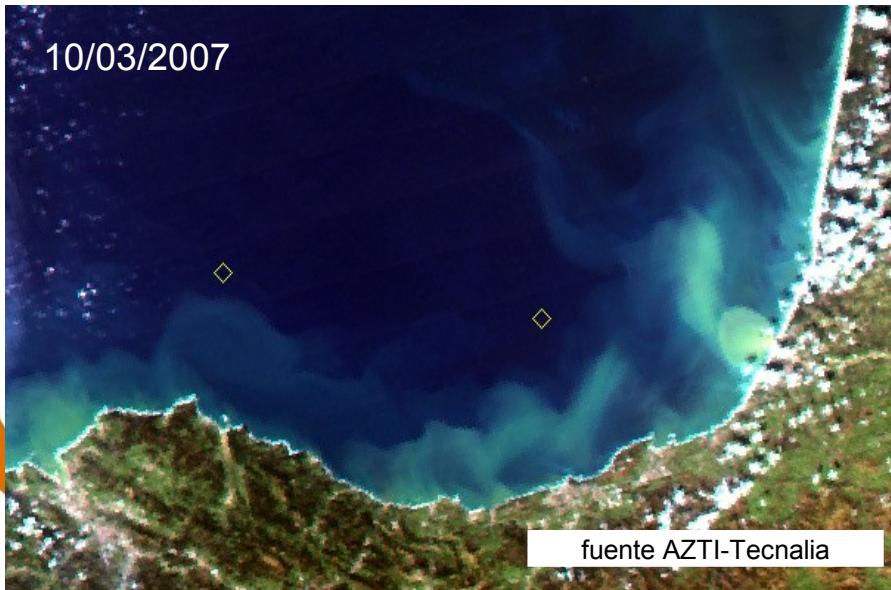
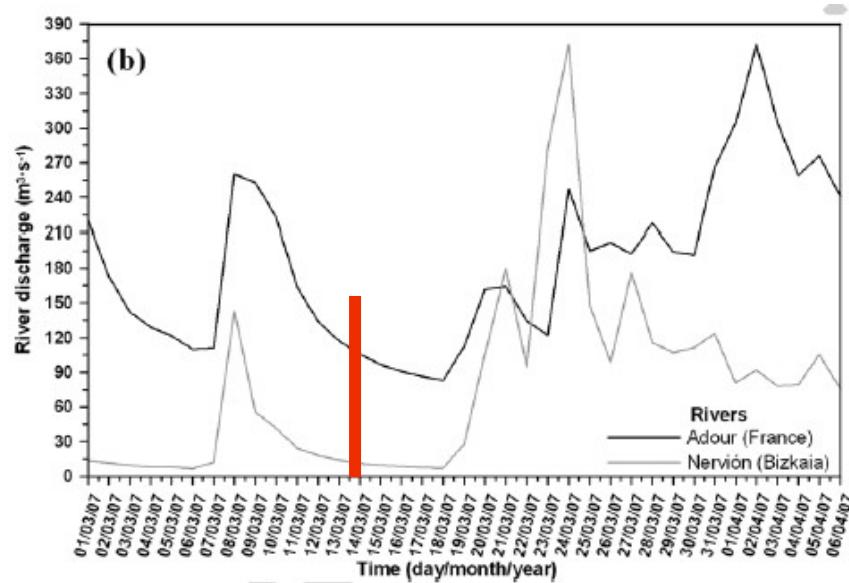
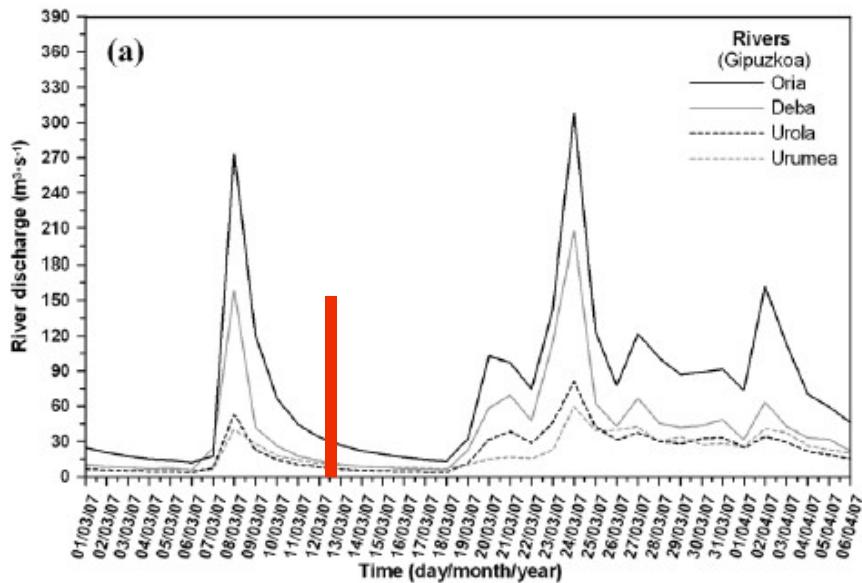
26/01/2009 7:06:16 Time Zone: UTC +0 H

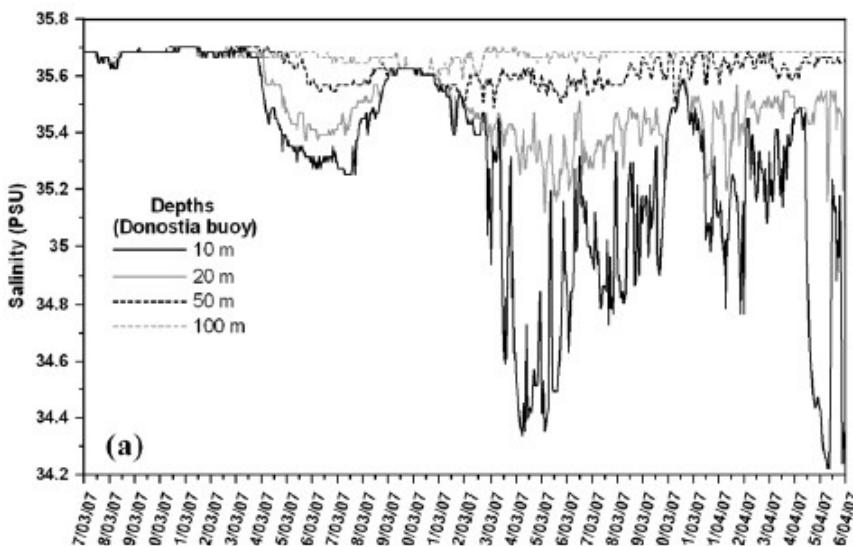
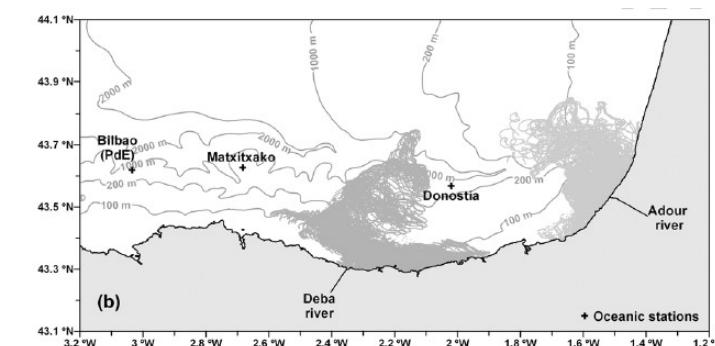
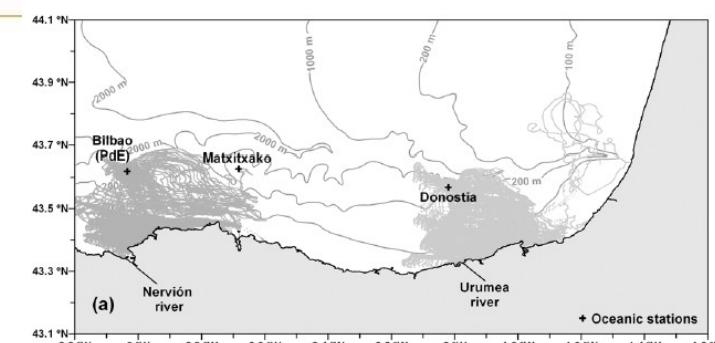
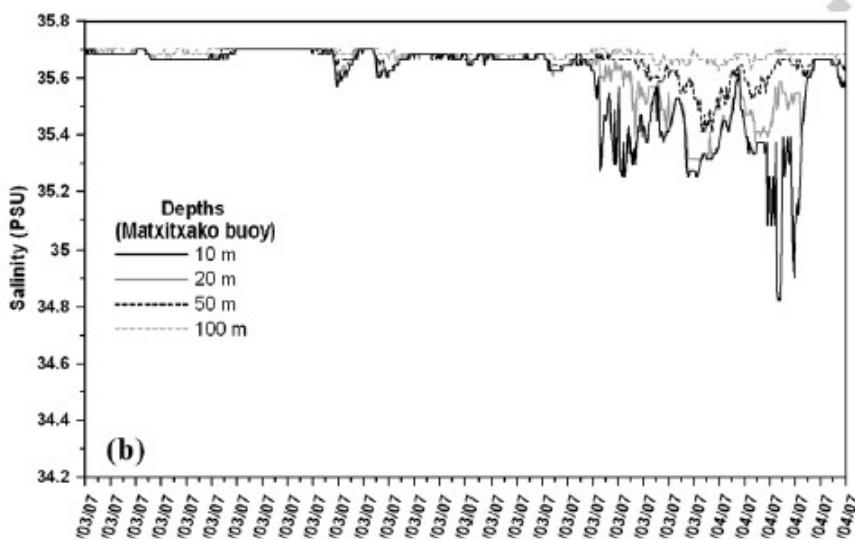
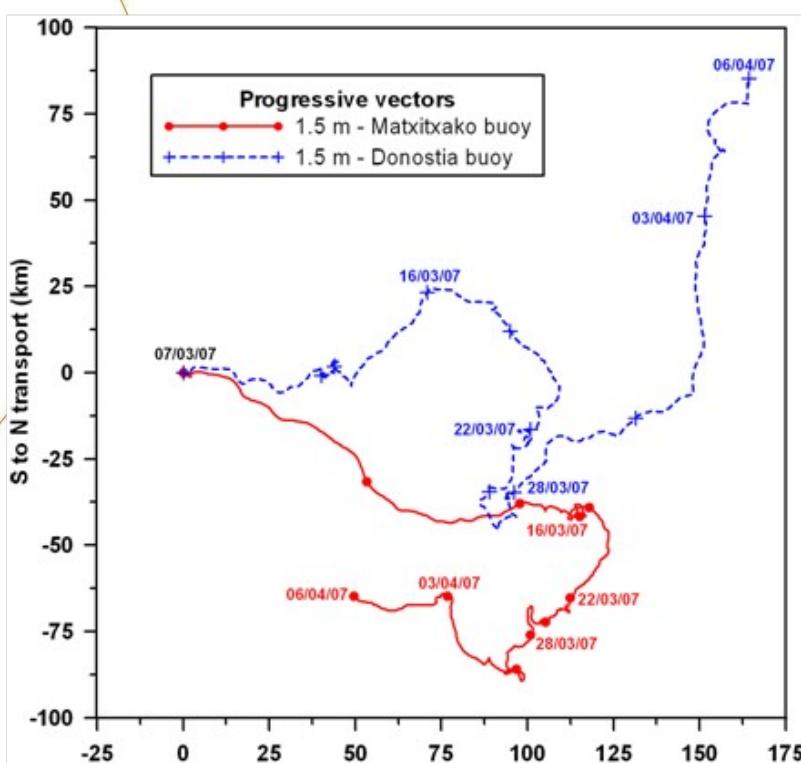


19-Jan-2009 - 26-Jan-2009

- Donostia, hm0 (m)
- Donostia, hmax (m)
- Matxitxako, hm0 (m)
- Matxitxako, hmax (m)

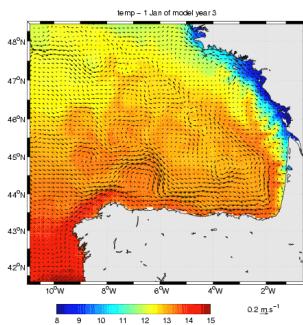




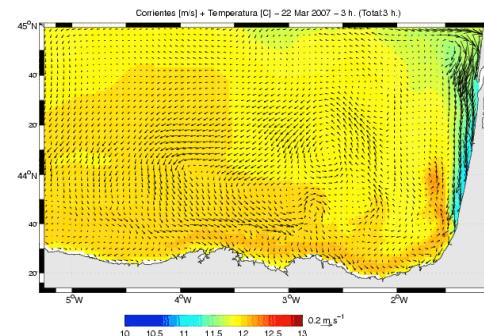


ITSASEUS PROJECT Modelling and oceanographic forecasting
 Basque Plan of Science, Technology and Innovation
 2007-2009 Strategic Research

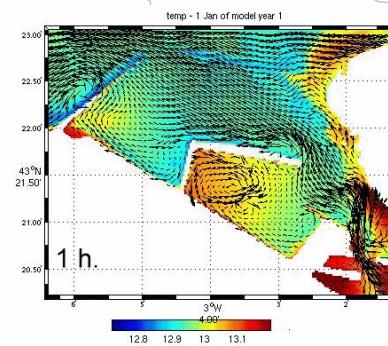
REGIONAL FIELDS



SUBREGIONAL FIELDS



LOCAL FIELDS



- Regional - Bay of Biscay
- Subregional - Basque coastline
- Local models

6,6km – 32 sigma levels
 2,2km – 32 sigma levels
 <2 km

ROMS
 ROMS
 ROMS, TRIMODENA

