Observing the Channel and the Bay of Biscay: Satellite for assimilation, in situ based climatology

Contributions: Dyneco – Physed ACTIMAR

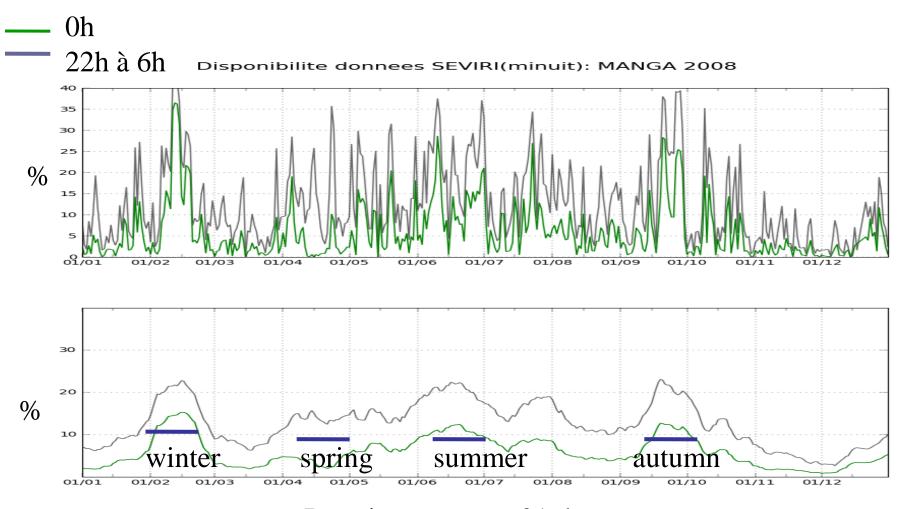


Experiments for data assimilation

Satellite data and cluster analysis ...

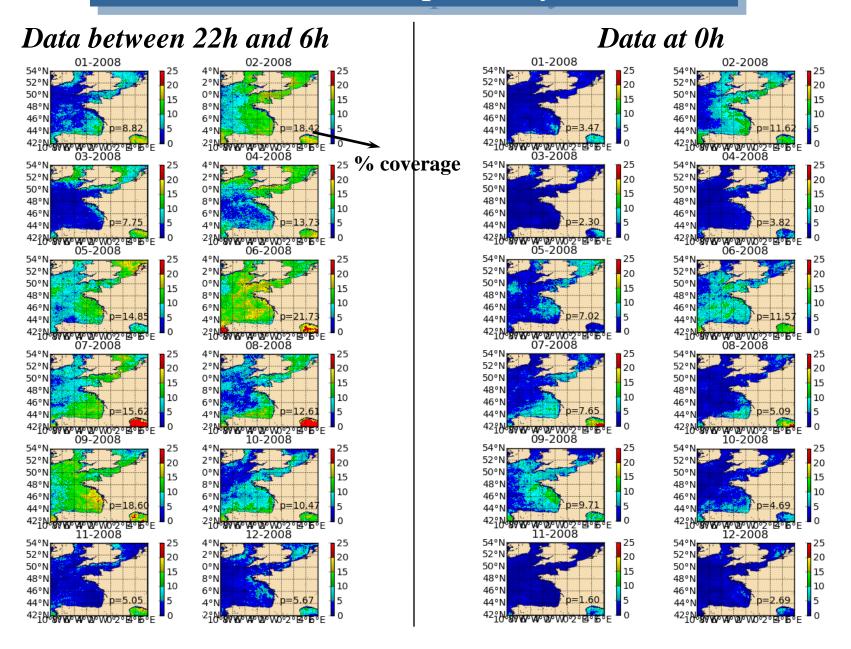


SEVIRI SST data – 2008 Coverage rates



Running mean on 21 days

Number of valid pixels by month

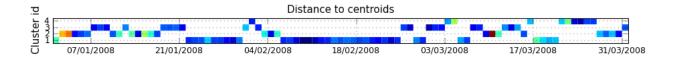


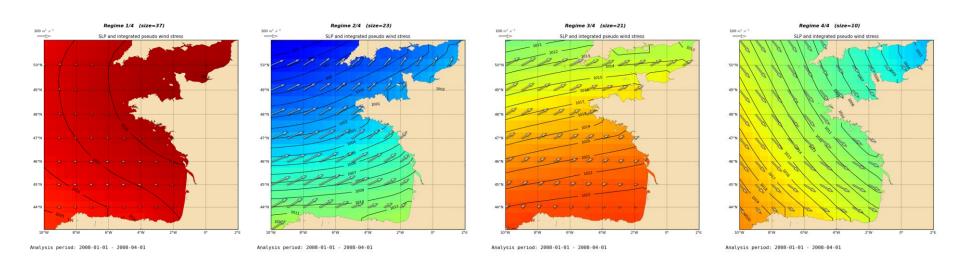
Cluster analysis

• Principle:

- K-means:
 - Given a number of cluster
 - Normalised data.
 - Convergence loop towards a minimal error
- Representation : centroïds + errors
- Application:
 - ARPEGE analysis: daily averaged (wind+SLP)
 - Guideline for assimlation experience in 2008.
 - Tries using 4, 5 and 10 clusters

Clusters: winter 2008





Bobyclim – Bay of Biscay climatology

- Extent of the climatology to include the whole Channel Northern boundary from 50°N to 53°N Eastern boundary from 1°W to 5E then ... integration of historical data over the new extent (from 50°N to 53°N and from 15°W to 5°W)
- Correction of non-physical anomalies in the salinity field
- In progress: **improvement of the objective analysis** from several successive analyses with influence rays smaller and smaller (results of each analysis are used as the reference state for the next one)

Thanks for your attention ...